

Europe's Leading Foundry **OMMIC**

GaN development and roadmap at OMMIC

Chalmers Winter School 2020

16/01/2020



Outline

- **Introduction of OMMIC**
- **Overview of OMMIC Processes**
- **Why GaN for mmW MMIC ?**
- **GaN/Si D01GH technology at OMMIC**
- **D01GH Electrical Performances**
- **Some Examples of GaN Circuits**
- **Development of new GaN Processes**
- **Summary**

Introduction of OMMIC



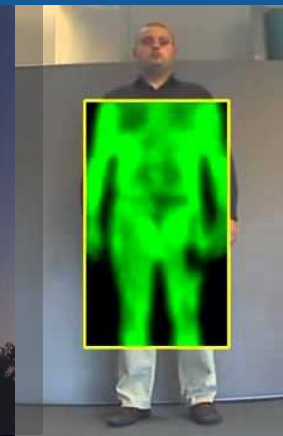
1st
6 Inch
GaN line
in Europe

- Created in 2000
- Former Philips Semiconductor division
- Over 40 years of experience in III-V semiconductors, including GaAs and InP
- Unique GaN Process best suited for upcoming 5G
- Only foundry in Europe offering complete service including Epitaxial Growth, Process Development, MMIC Design & Fabrication, Test & Product Qualification

CORE MARKETS

OMMIC designs and manufactures integrated circuits based on III/V semiconductors (GaAs, InP, GaN) for microwave Tx/Rx Systems from 1 to 400 GHz, addressing ground-based telecom system (2G to 5G)

5G



6-inch

GaN Production Line

World's 1st 6" GaN Line in Production
40 Millions Euros Investment



The new 6-inch GaN production line will largely boost OMMIC's production capability by 4 times. Combined with improved production yield and increased work shifts, it is estimated to have 7 times of present production capabilities.

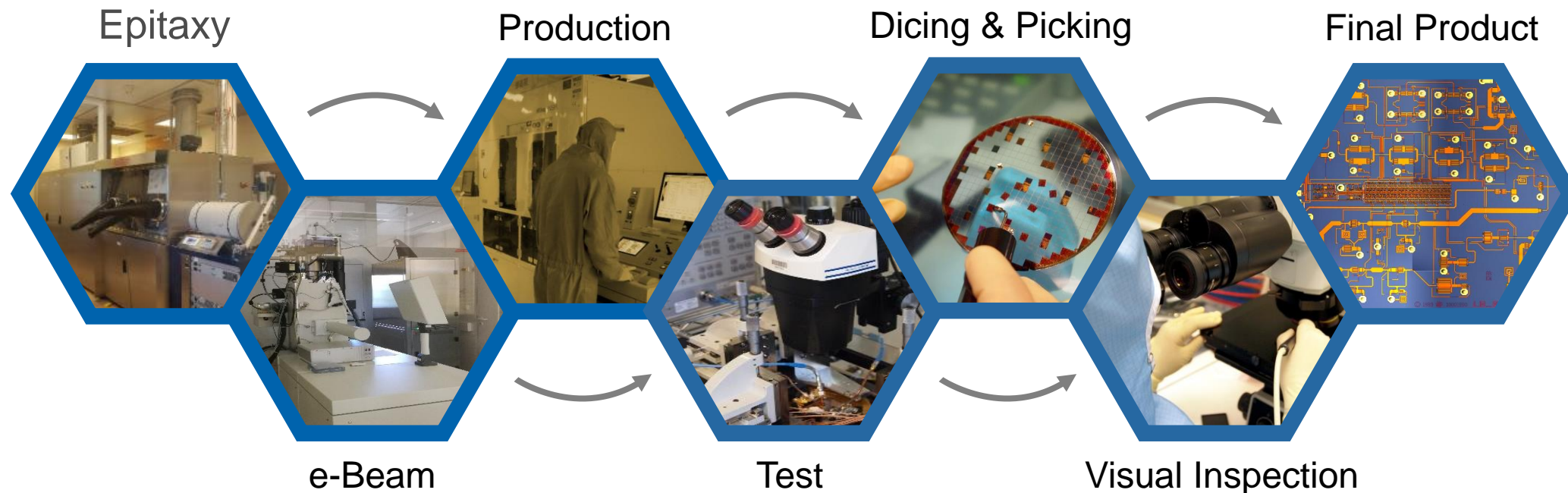


Thanks to improved process automation and 5 work shifts in 2021, lead time will be reduced to 7 weeks



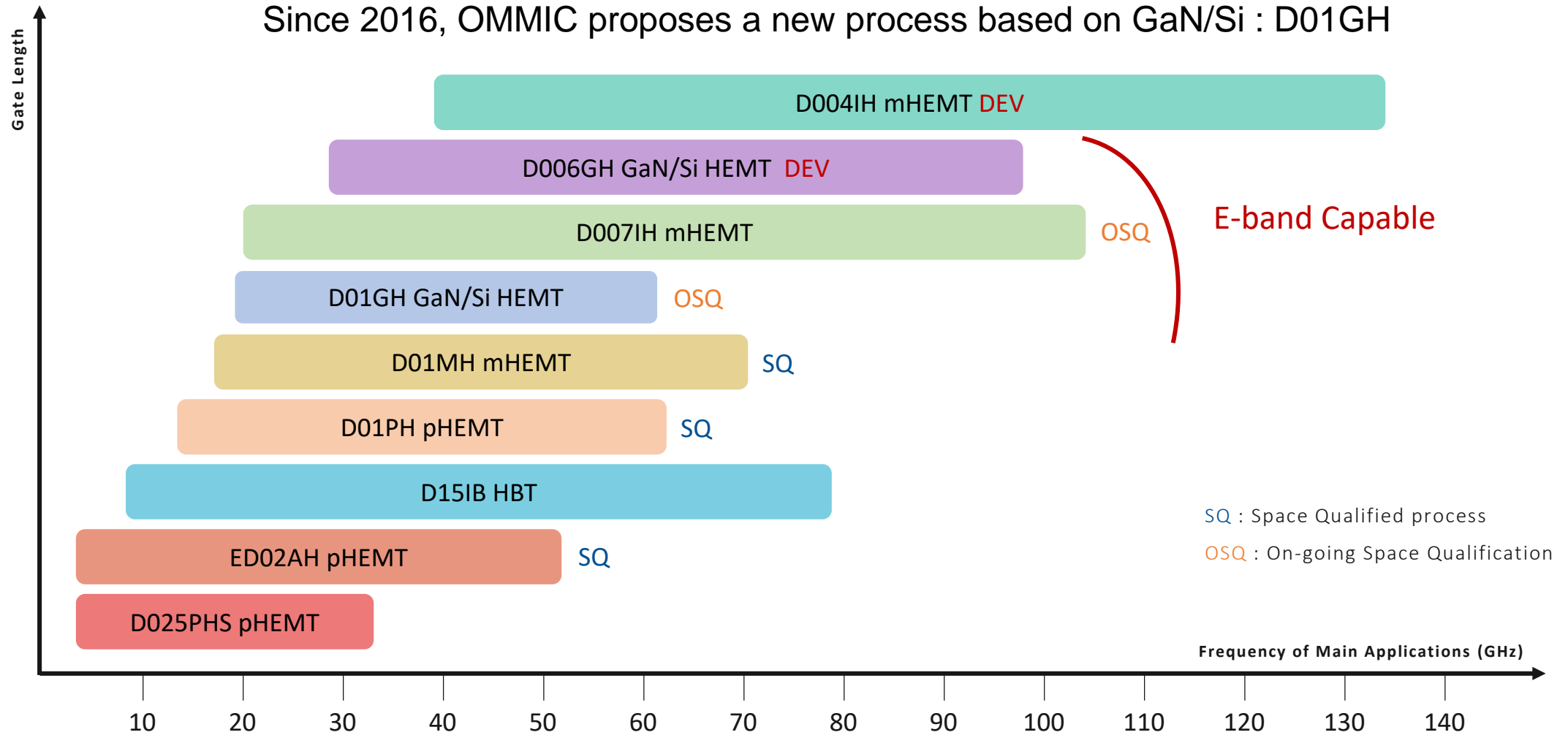
PRODUCTION FLOW

OMMIC offers fully open foundry service with its advanced processes available for customers, delivering the best performance product in the market.

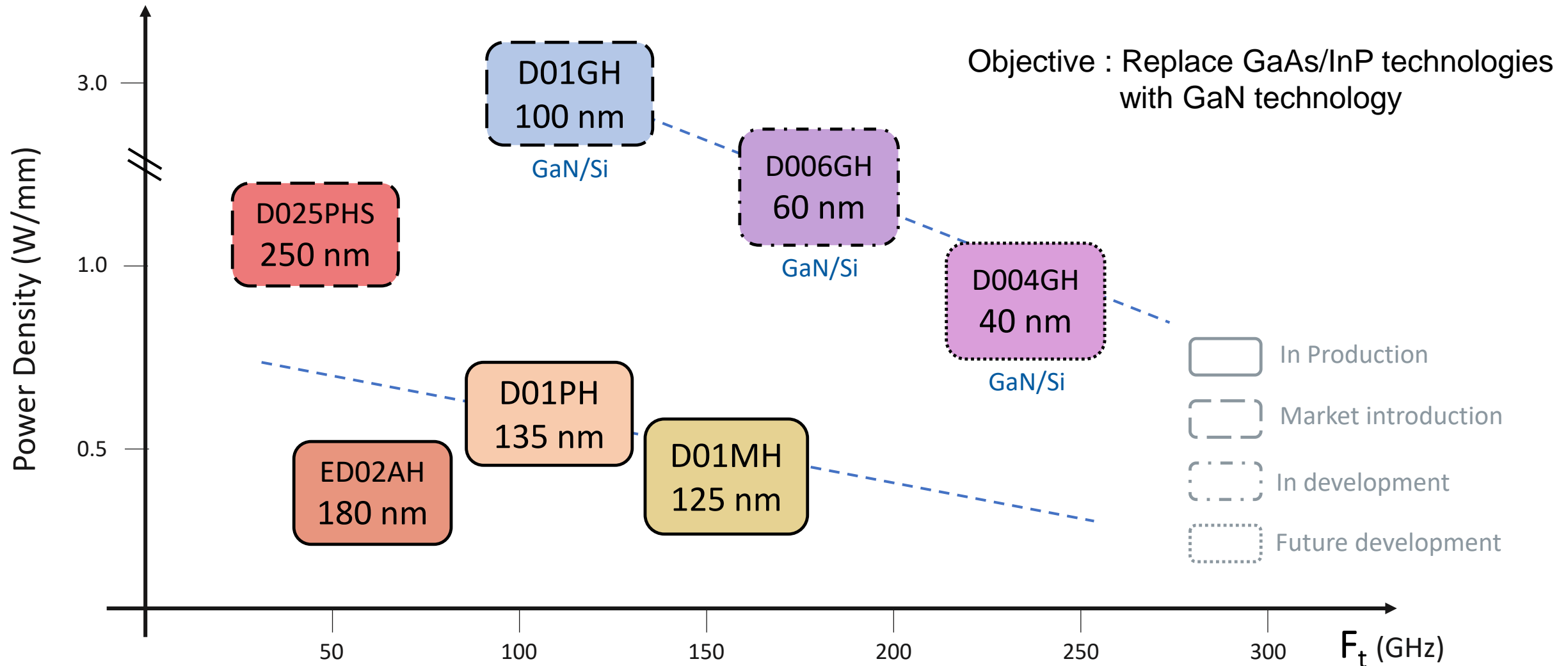


OMMIC PROCESSES

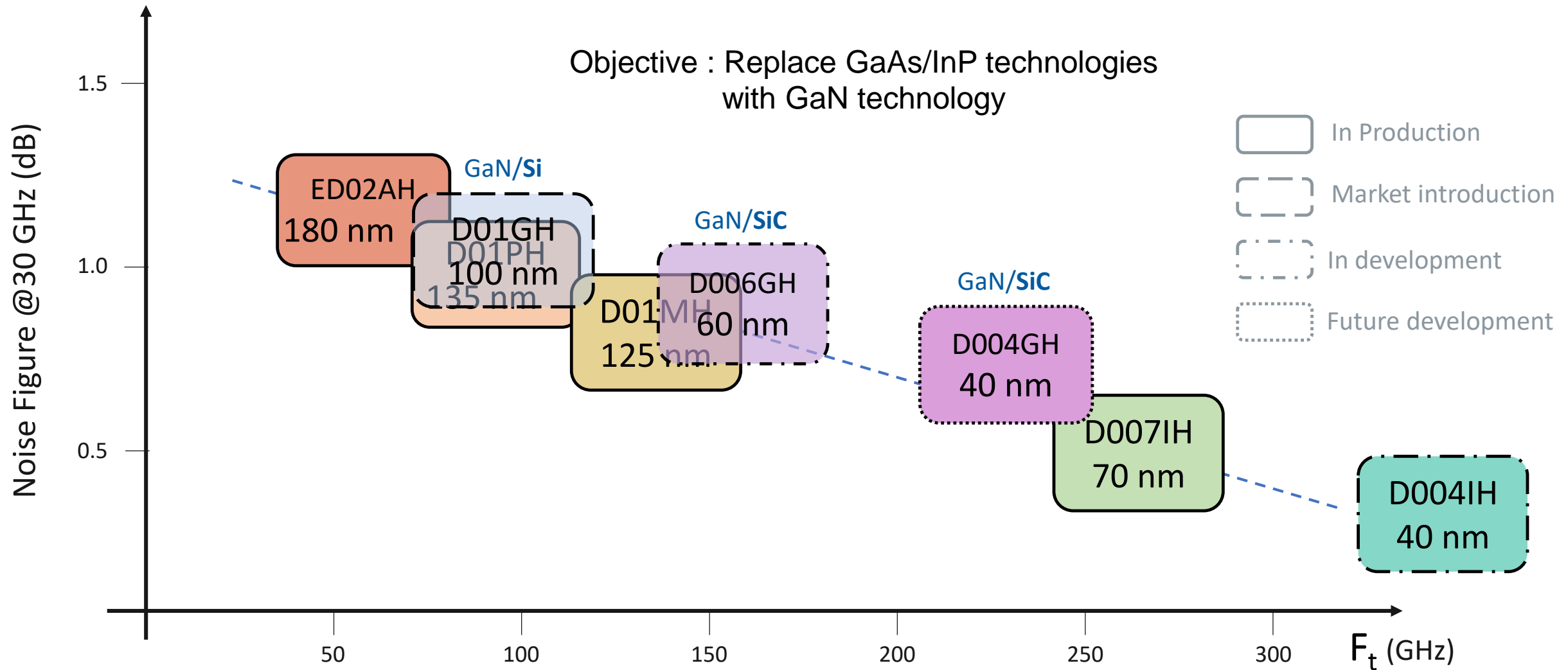
Since 2016, OMMIC proposes a new process based on GaN/Si : D01GH



PROCESSES POWER



PROCESSES NOISE

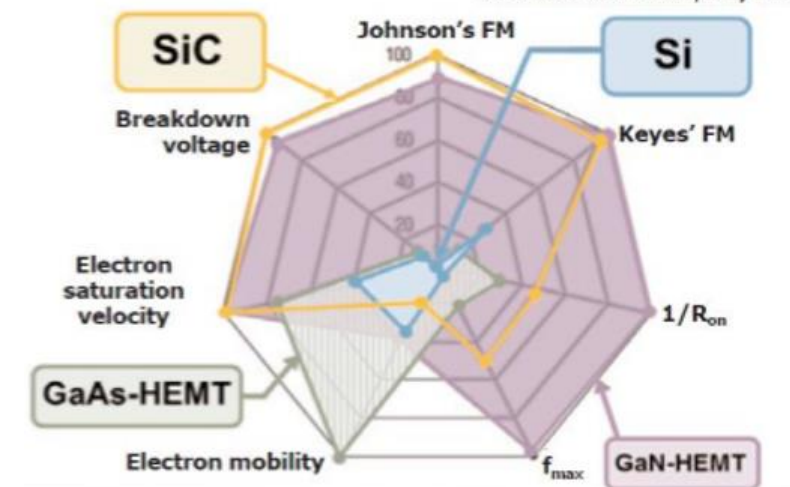


Why GaN for mmW MMIC?

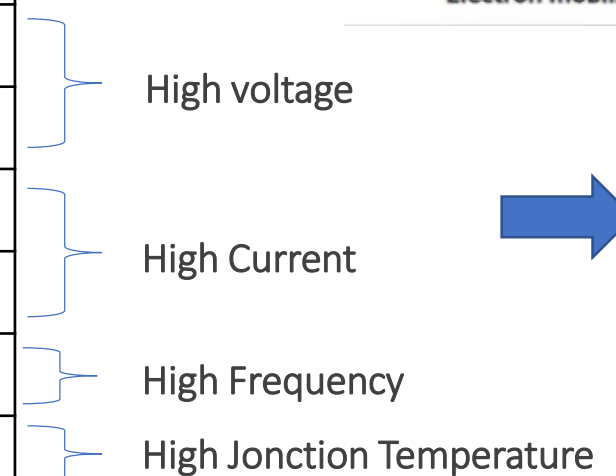
GaN's ADDED VALUES

GaN is an ideal semiconductor for **high efficiency, wide-band RF power amplifiers**

Comparison of GaN/SiC/Si/GaAs high-power RF transistors
OKI Semiconductors, May 2014



Semiconductor	Si	InP	GaAs	GaN
Bandgap E_g (eV)	1.1	1.34	1.43	3.4
Breakdown Field E_{br} (MV/cm)	0.6	0.45	0.5	3.5
Charge Density n_s ($10^{13}/\text{cm}^2$)	0.3		0.3	1
Saturation Velocity v_{SAT} (10^7 cm/s)	1	0.68	2	2.7
Mobility ($\text{cm}^2/\text{V.s}$)	1300	5400	6000	1500
Thermal Conductivity (W/cm.K)	1.5	0.67	0.5	1.5-3.4

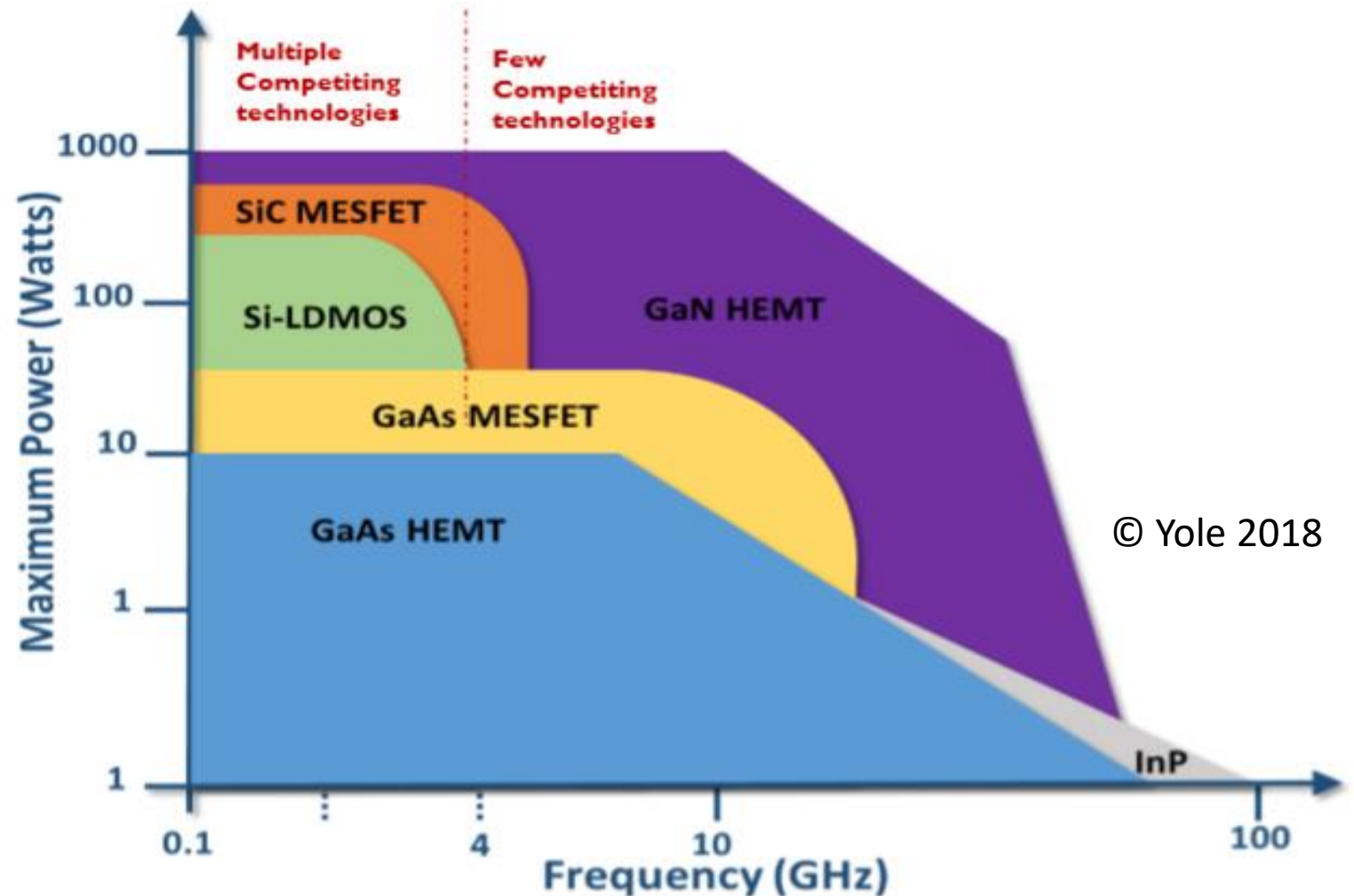


- ✓ High Efficiency
- ✓ High Power density
- ✓ Low capacitance
- ✓ Wide Band-Width
- ✓ Small Size

Why GaN for mmW MMIC?

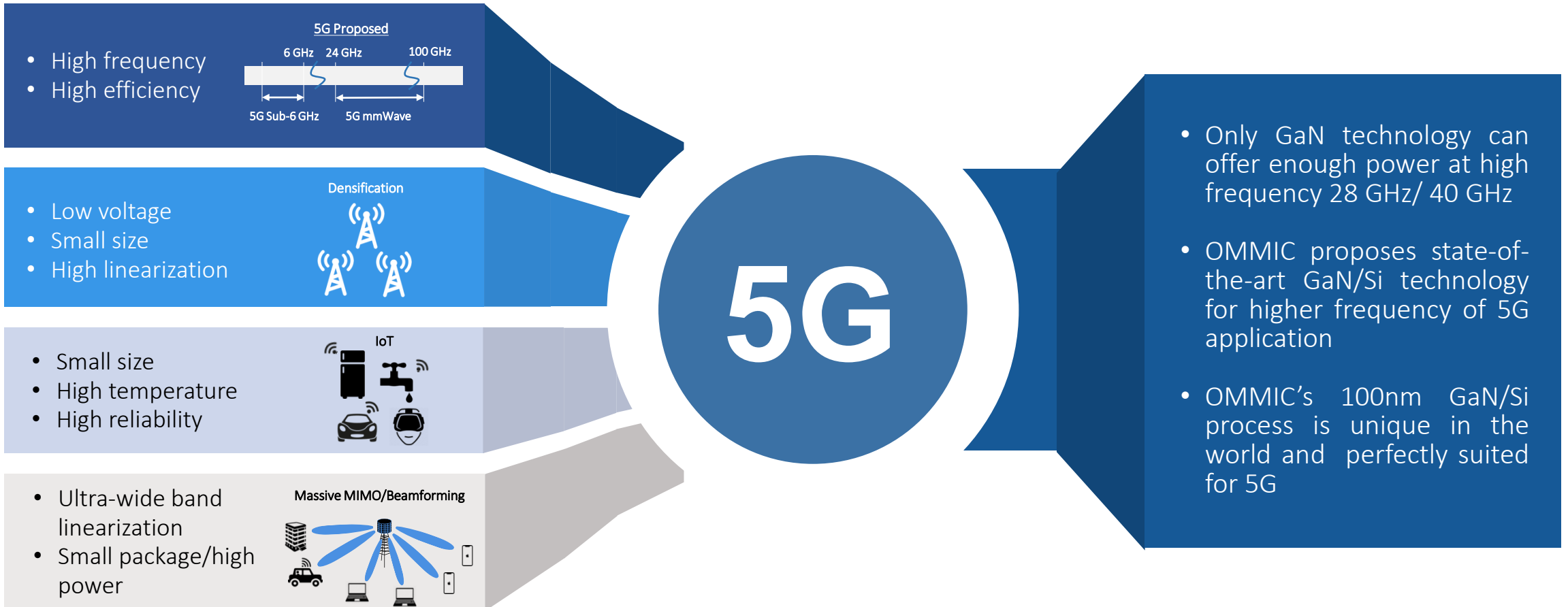
Power and frequency regions for different semiconductors

GaN enables new possibilities for both high-power and high-frequency



Why GaN for mmW MMIC?

GaN/Si FOR 5G



HIGH FREQUENCY FIGURE OF MERIT FOR RF CIRCUITS

Remember :

f_T is related to current gain \Leftrightarrow How fast transistors can charge (loading) capacitors $\Rightarrow f_T$ is more relevant for high-speed circuits

F_{max} is related to power gain \Leftrightarrow maximum gain reachable for an amplifier $\Rightarrow f_{max}$ is more relevant for RF and mmW circuits.

Maximizing RF performance :

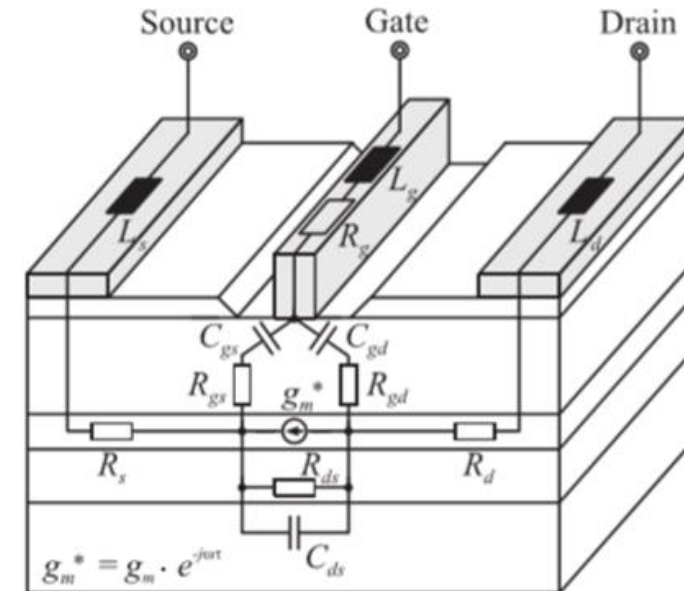
To obtain high power and increase frequencies, it is necessary to improve material growth and the technological process

Material :

- \Rightarrow Low defect density
- \Rightarrow High charge density (ns)
- \Rightarrow high carrier mobility (μ)
- \Rightarrow Good electron confinement

Technology :

- \Rightarrow Decrease in gate length (L_g)
- \Rightarrow Reduction of short channel effects
- \Rightarrow Reduction of parasitic elements
- \Rightarrow Disappearance of trap effects
- \Rightarrow Unalloyed ohmic contacts

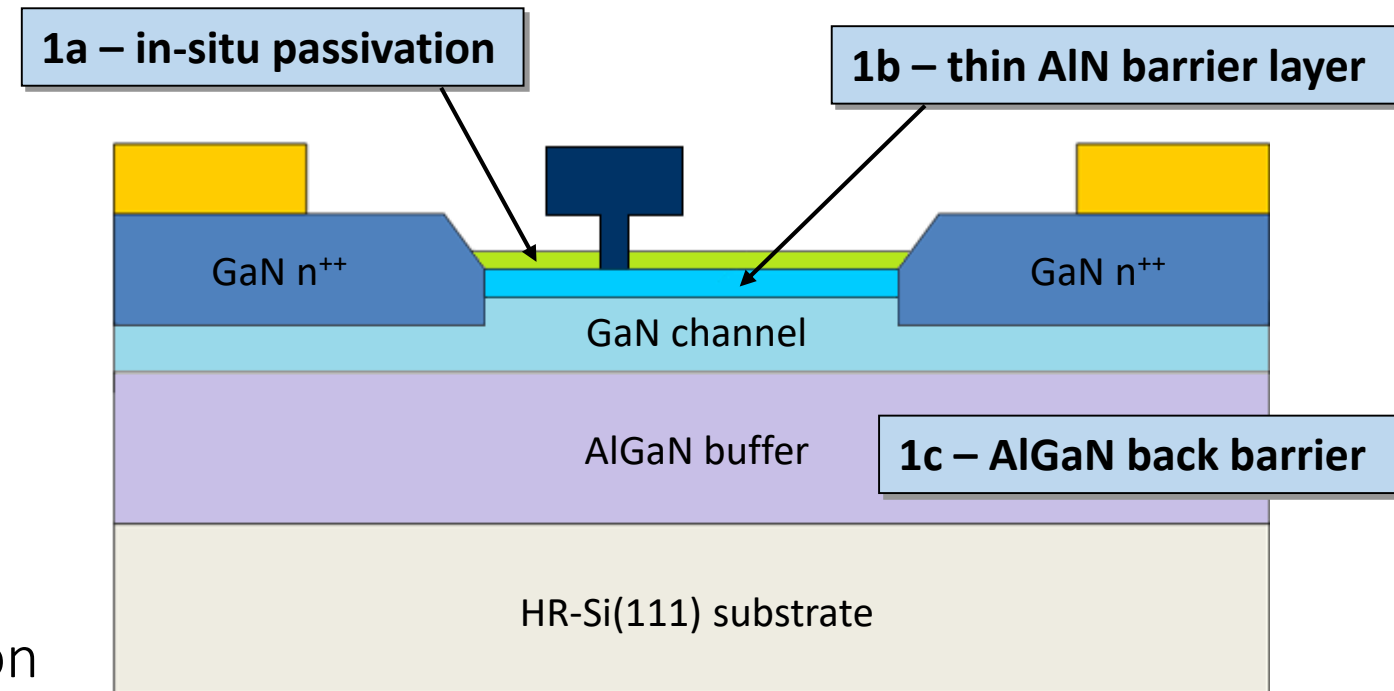


$$f_T = \frac{g_m}{2\pi(C_{gs} + C_{gd} + C_{gb})}$$

$$f_{max} = \frac{f_T}{2\sqrt{g_{ds}(R_g + R_s) + 2\pi f_T R_g C_{gd}}}$$

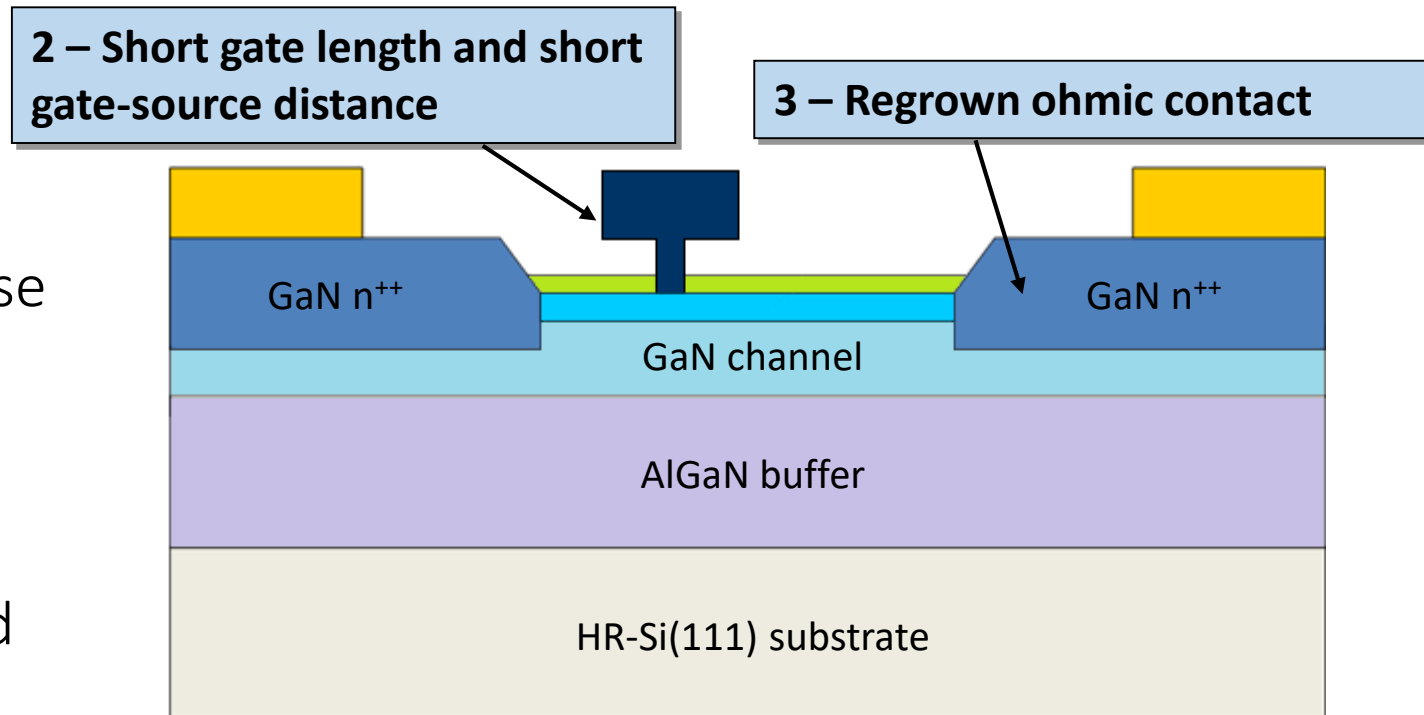
EPITAXIAL STRUCTURE

- In situ passivation to avoid trapping / memory effects
- Thin AlN barrier layer to mitigate short channel effects
- AlGaN back barrier to improve electron confinement.



TECHNOLOGICAL STRUCTURE

- Short gate length (**100nm**) and short gate-source distance (**250nm**) to increase RF performances
- Regrown ohmic contact to minimize access resistance ($R_c < 0.1 \text{ ohm.mm}$ and $R_{ON} < 1 \text{ ohm.mm}$)



WHY GAN/SI SUBSTRATE?

❖ Pros...

- Lower cost, larger diameters
- Lower risk of import/export restrictions (Itar, etc)
- Compatible with heterogeneous integration
- Compatible with 5G global market, thus probably the highest in the coming years.

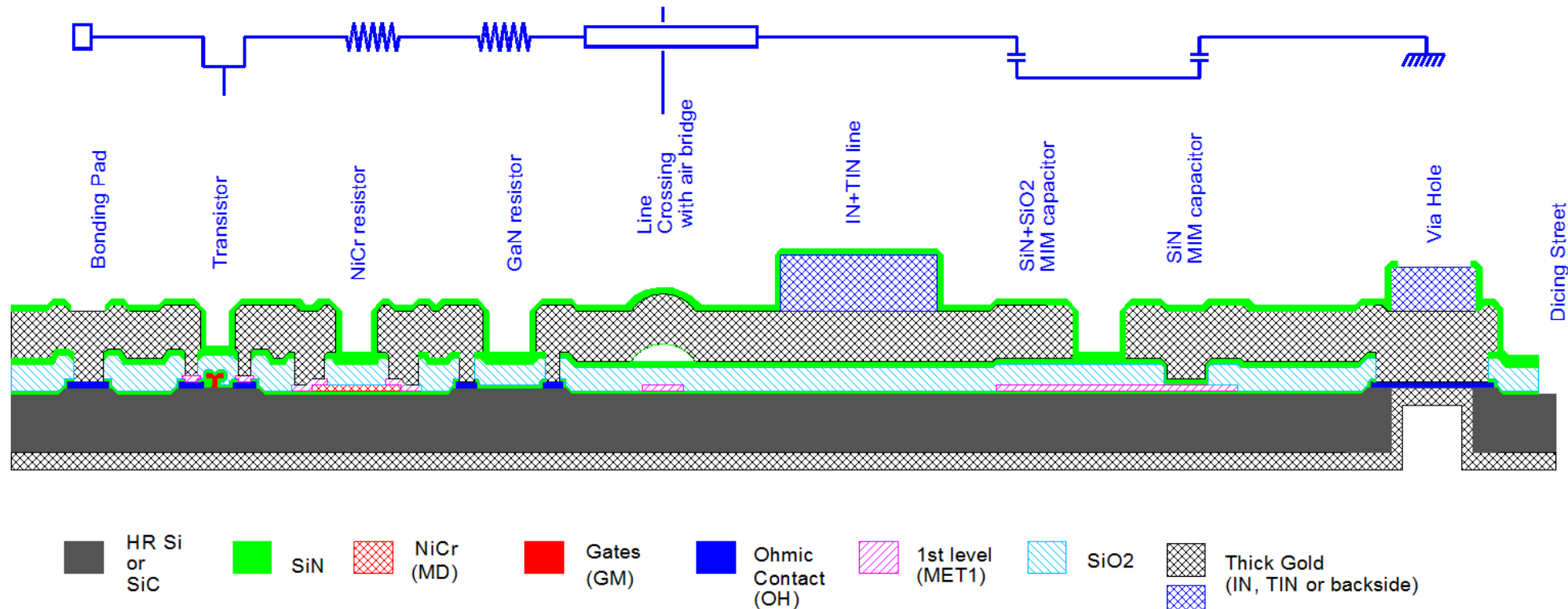
❖ Cons...

- Higher R_{th} (approx. x2), but not all applications are impacted
- Higher microwave losses (impact??)

❖ OMMIC policy

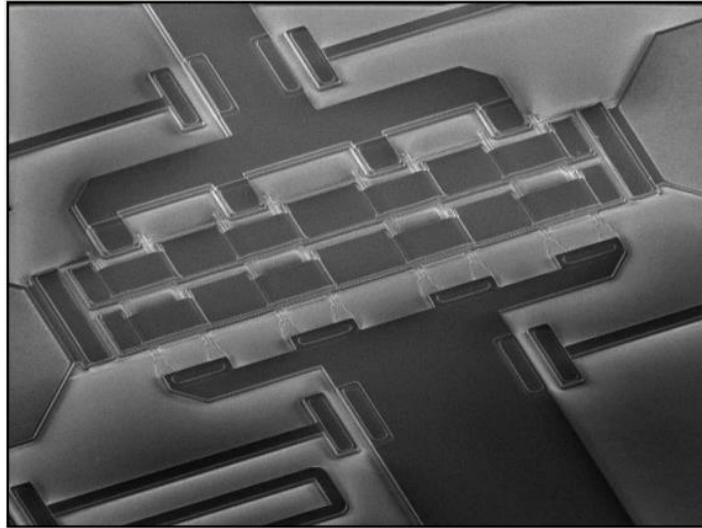
- GaN process dedicated to high frequency (L_g , R_s , AlN, Ohmic contact)
- Both Si and SiC will be proposed, with same devices 100nm & 60nm on top
- In the short term (1 to 2 years), only Si is proposed, to address 5G

D01GH MMIC CROSS SECTION

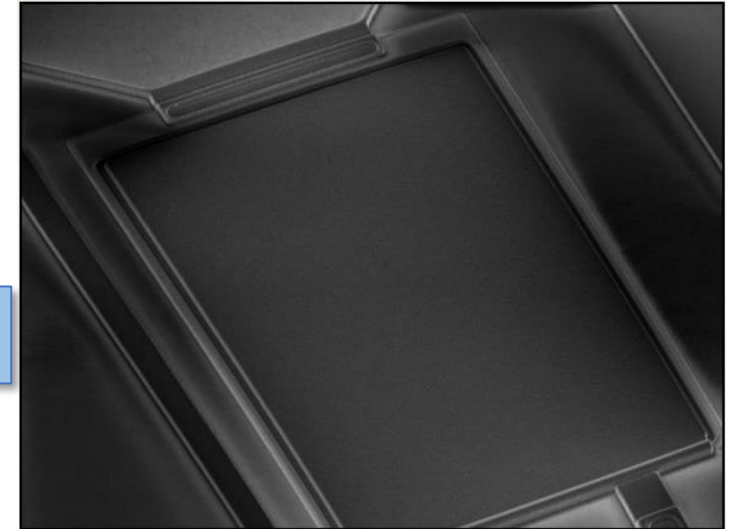


Via holes (Bosch process), air-bridges, NiCr & GaN resistors, SiN & SiO2 MIM capacitors to allow mm-wave designs.
No metal layer of passive components directly on substrate.

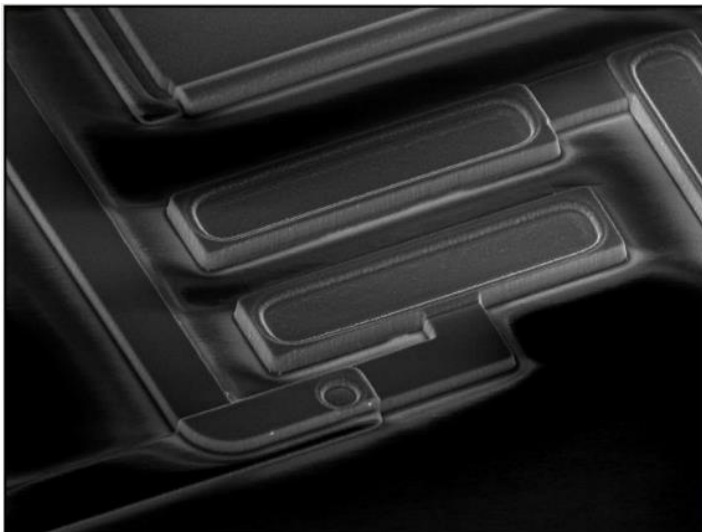
SEM OBSERVATIONS AT END OF PROCESS



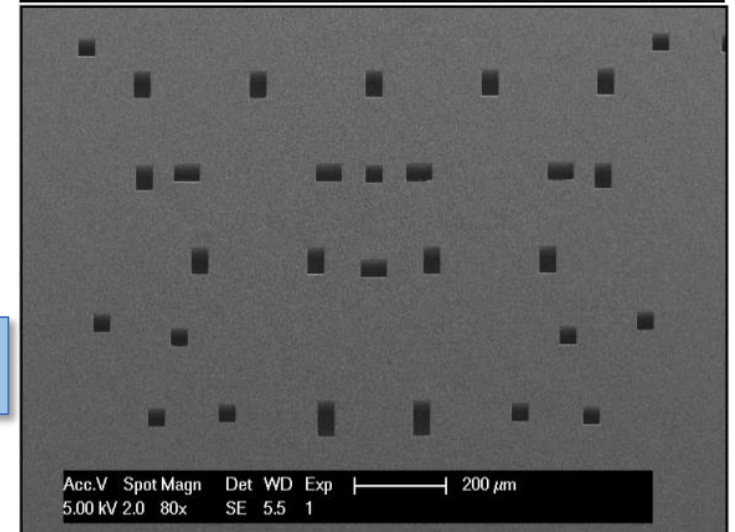
8*50 μ m GaN HEMT



MIM Capacitor

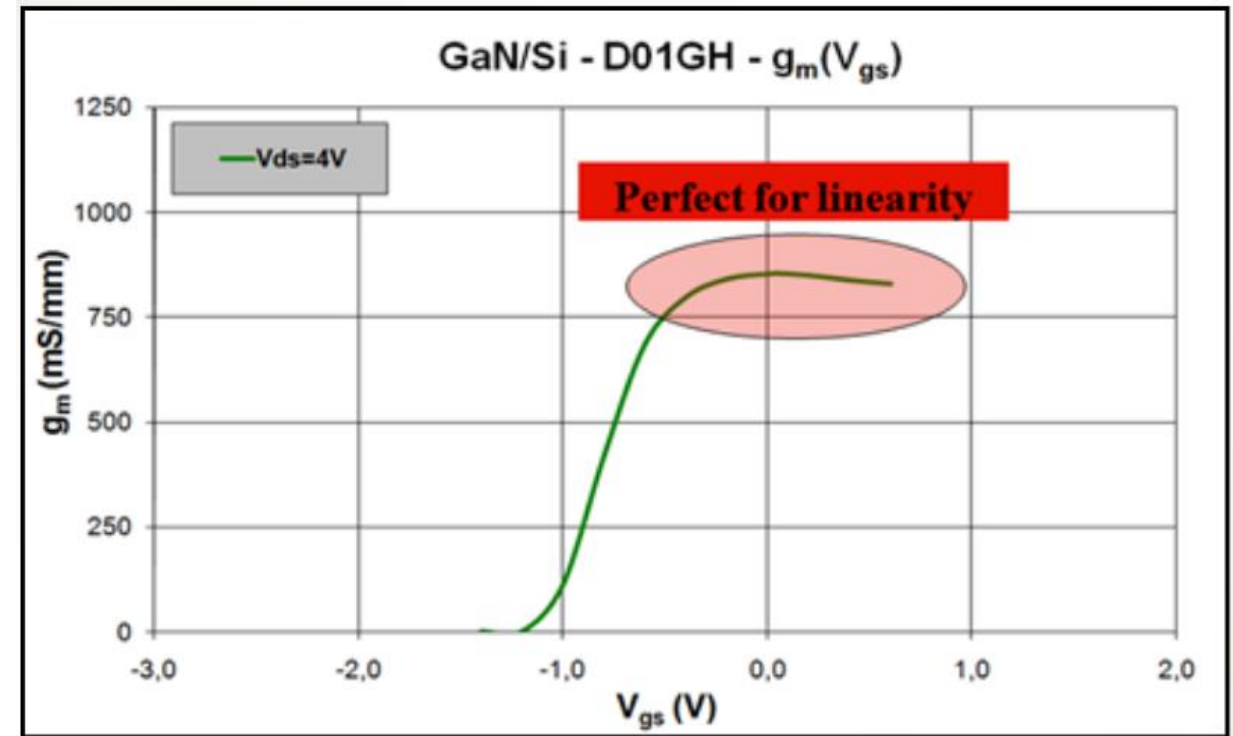
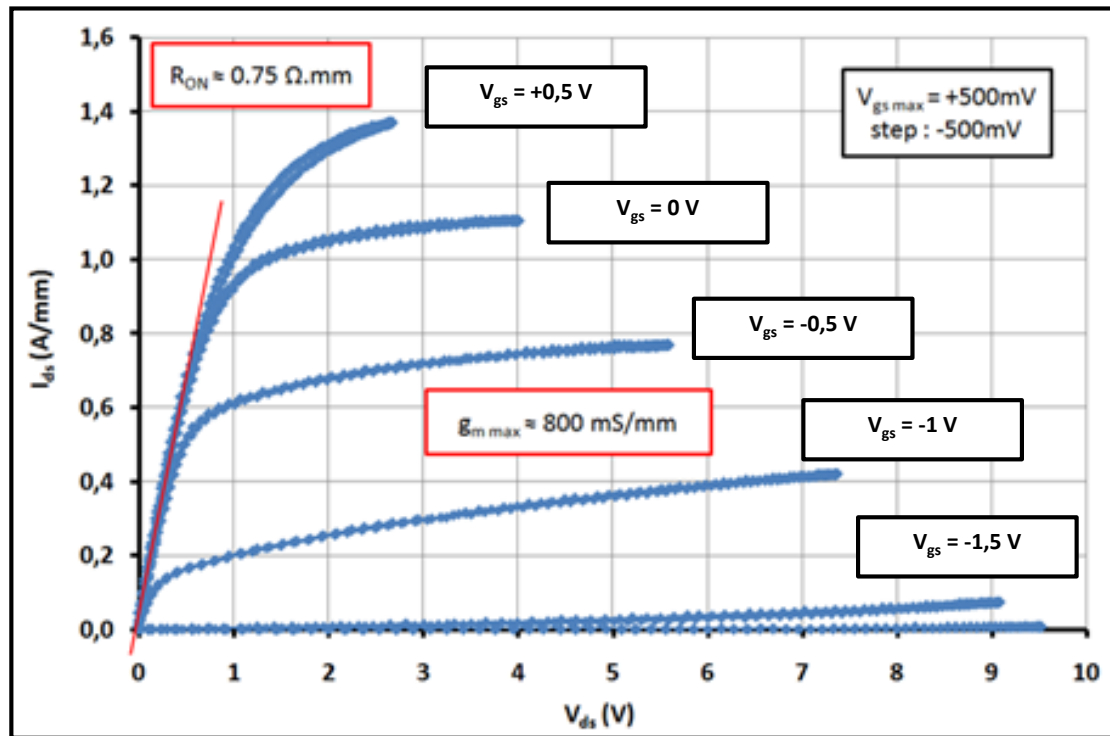


NiCr Resistor



Via-holes

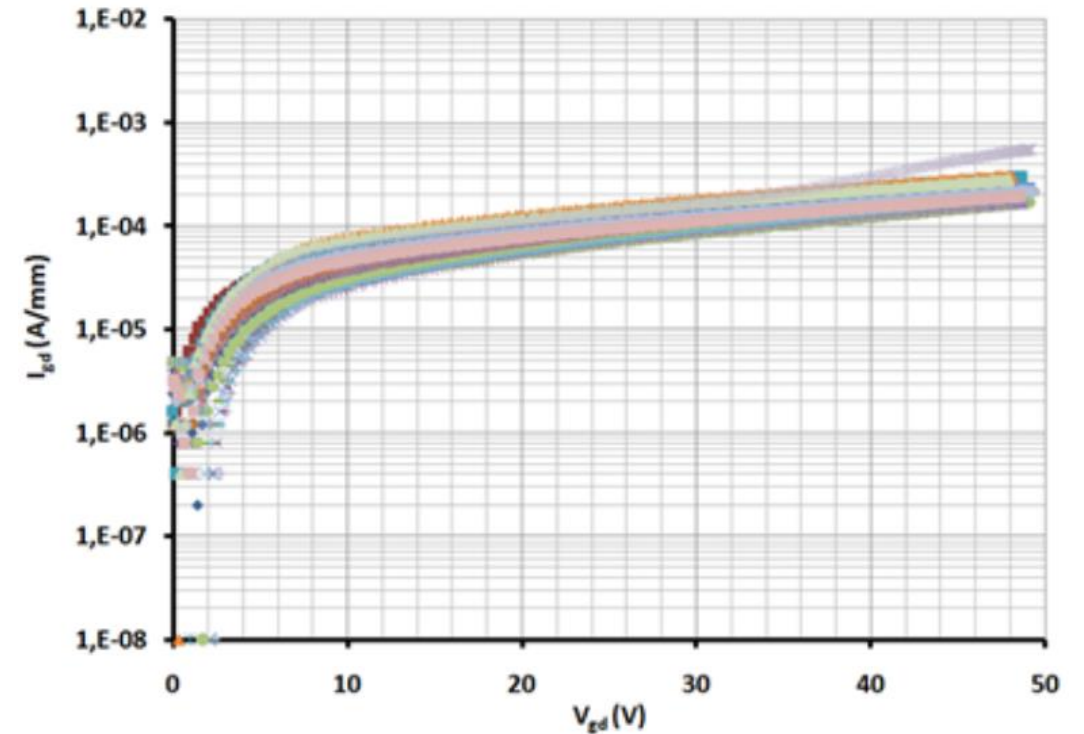
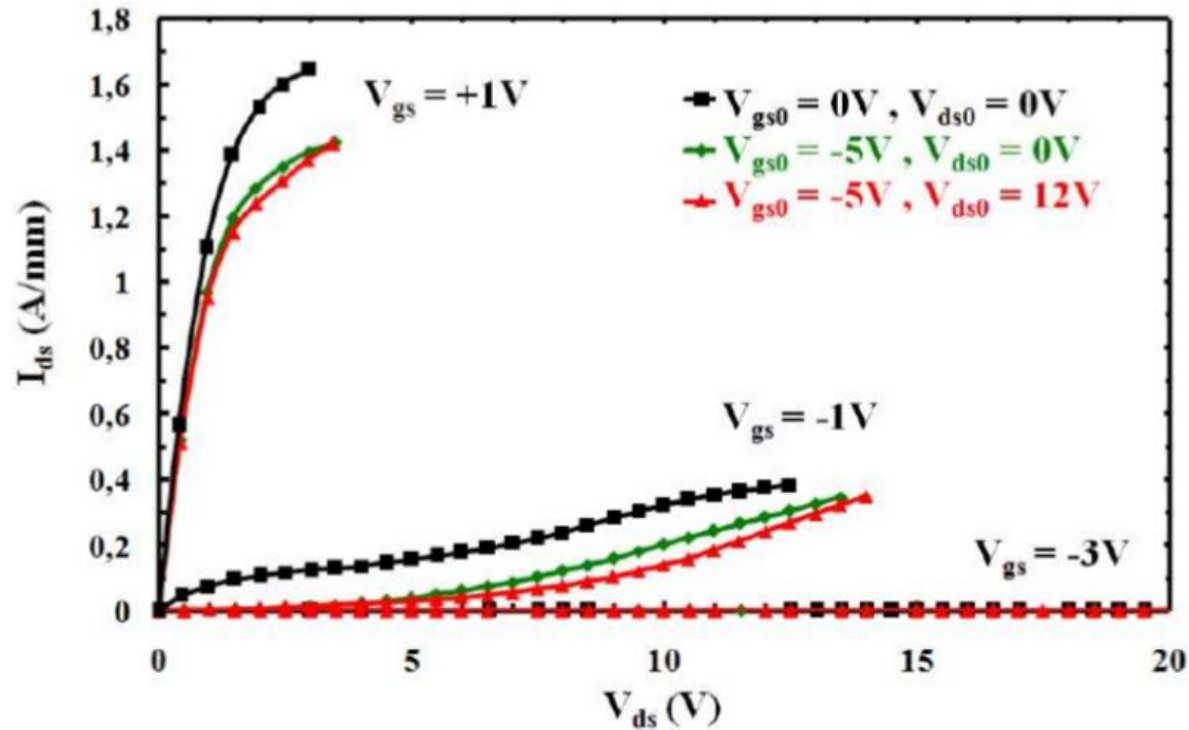
$I_D(V_D)$ and $G_m(V_G)$ characteristics (2*50 μ m GaN HEMT)



Very low ON-resistance $< 1 \text{ ohm} \cdot \text{mm}$ and Very high transconductance $> 800 \text{ mS/mm}$

(Regrown ohmic contact & very thin AlN barrier)

D01GH PULSED I(V) AND B-V CHARACTERISTICS

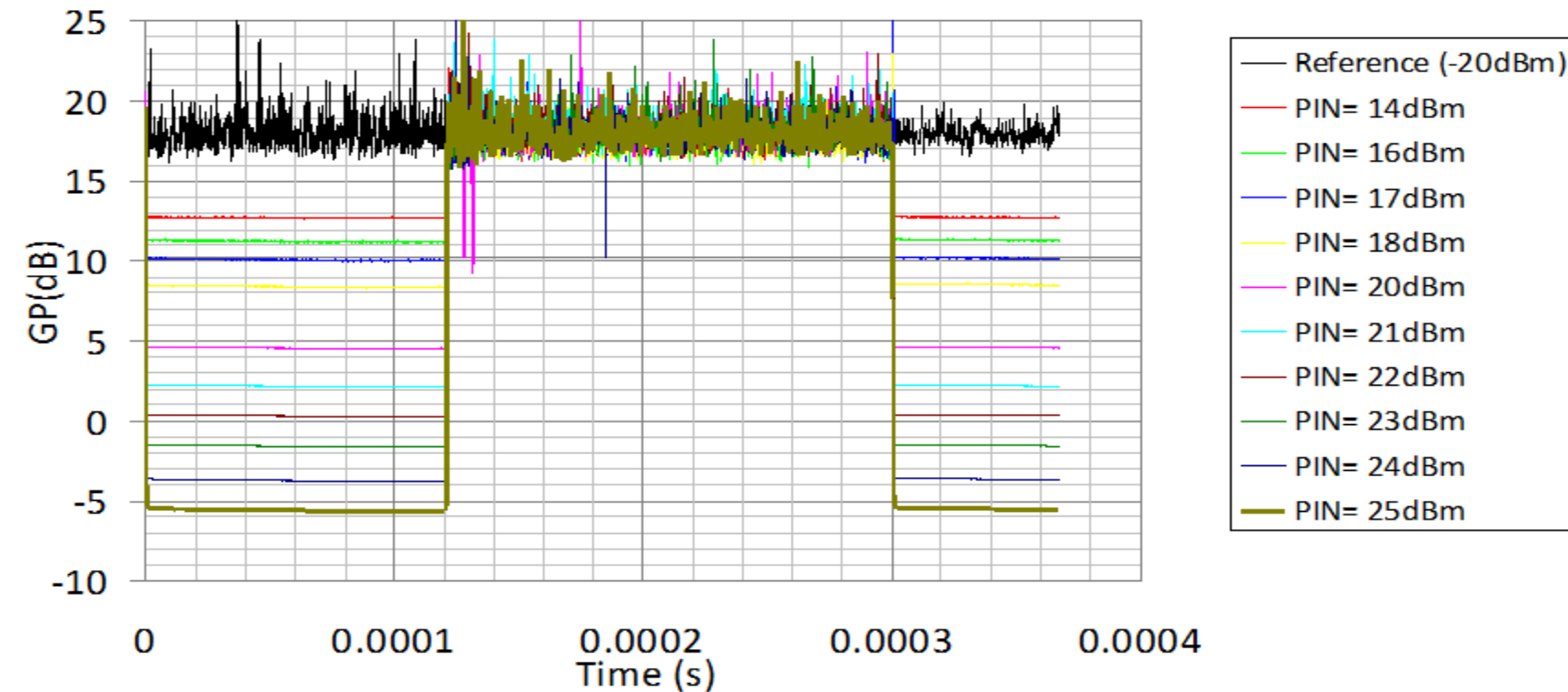


Drain LAG = 2%, Gate LAG = 15% (No traps) and Breakdown voltage >50V

(Back barrier & In-Situ passivation)

D01GH MEMORY EFFECT

GP vs Time



No measurable Recovery Time
after 24 dBm aggression

- 2x35 μm device
- +25 dBm input power
- 40 % duty cycle
- Low noise bias

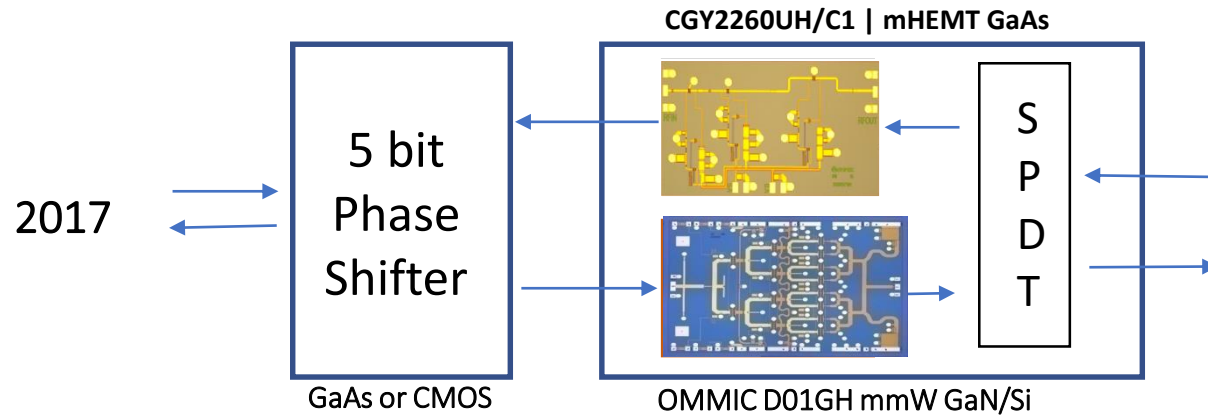
In-Situ Passivation

OMMIC D01GH MAIN CHARACTERISTICS

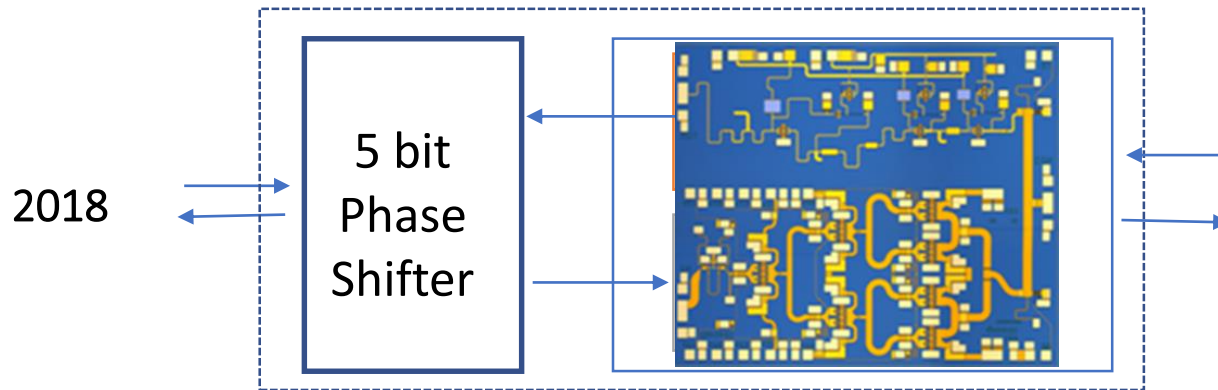
Electrical Characteristic	100 nm
Frequency Cut-off (H21)	105 GHz
Maximum Stable Gain @30 GHz	13 dB
Min Noise Figure / Ass. Gain @40 GHz	1.8 dB / 7.5 dB
RF Power Density	3.3 W/mm (5.7 W/mm meas. peak)
Extrinsic Transconductance	800 mS/mm
Source Resistance	0.18 Ohms.mm
Extrinsic Drain Source resistance $V_{ds}=0V$ (R_{on})	0.6 Ohms.mm
Gate Drain voltage for 300 μ A/mm	40 V
Quiescent Voltage	12 V

Some examples of GaN Circuits

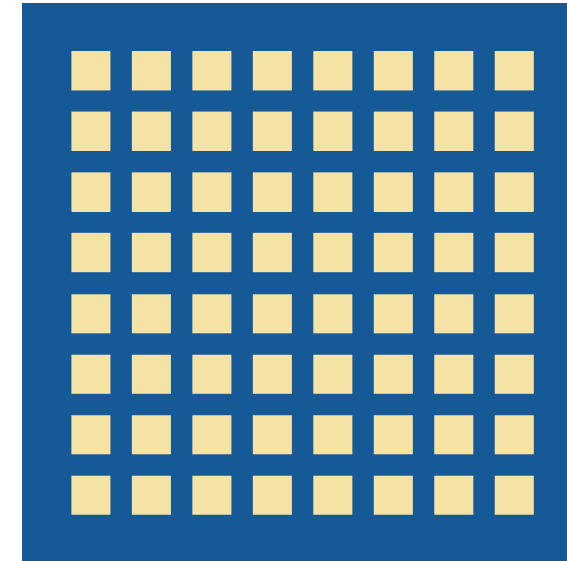
5G GaN SOLUTION



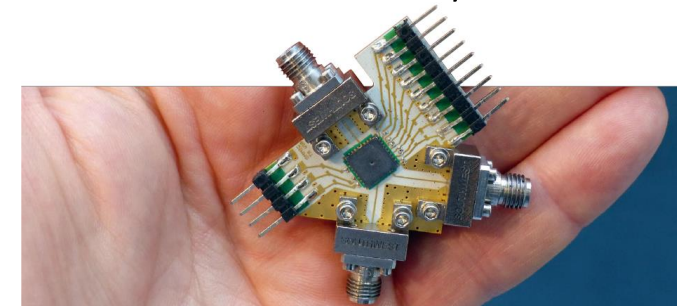
Two-die Chipset



Single Chipset GaN/Si (D01GH)

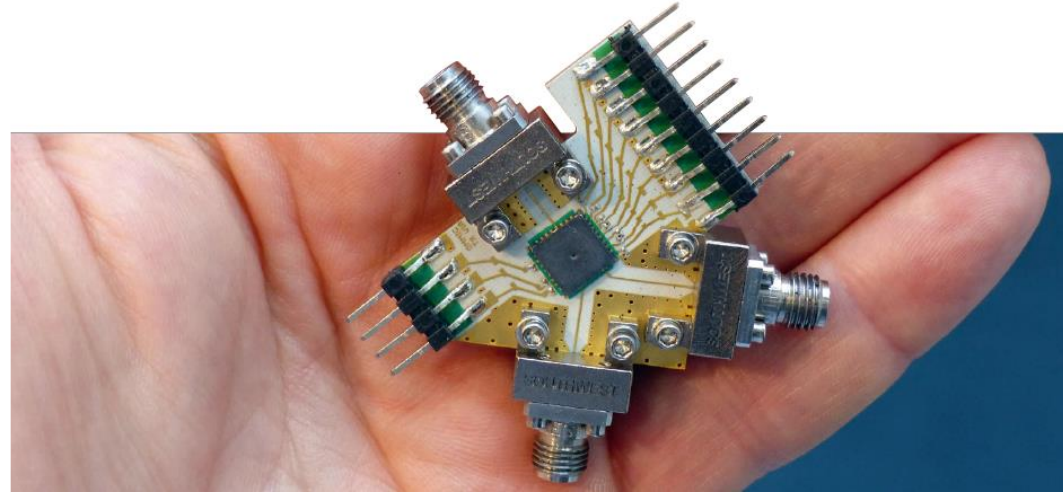


Massive MIMO Array Antenna

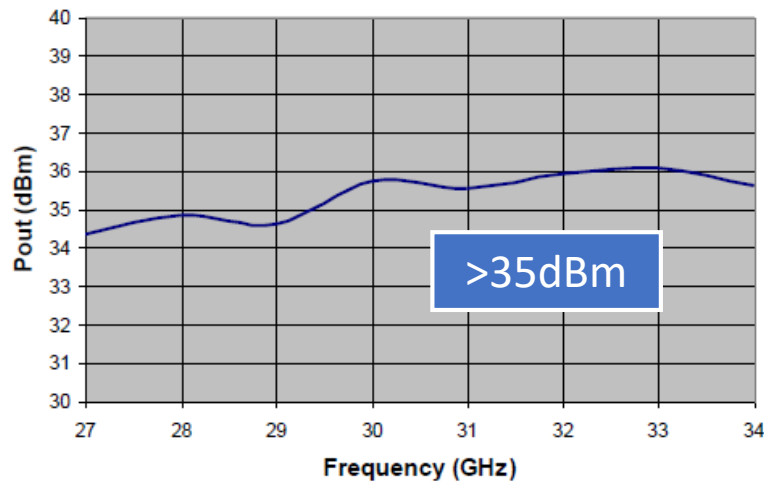


Some examples of GaN Circuits

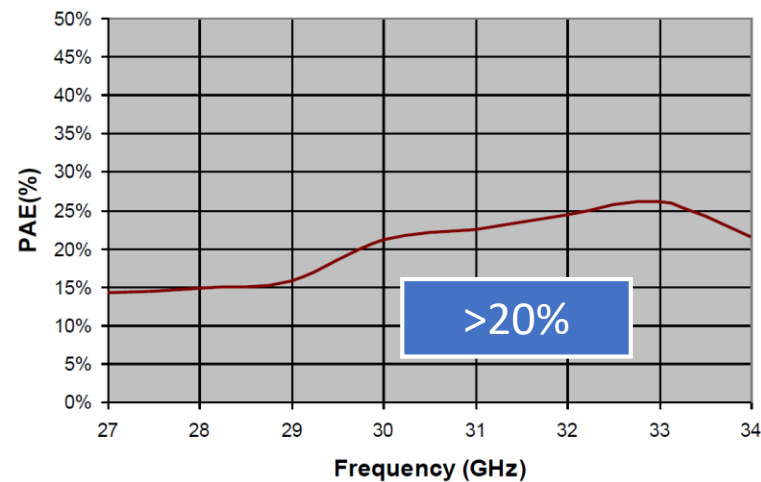
GaN 30GHz T/R Chip D01GH



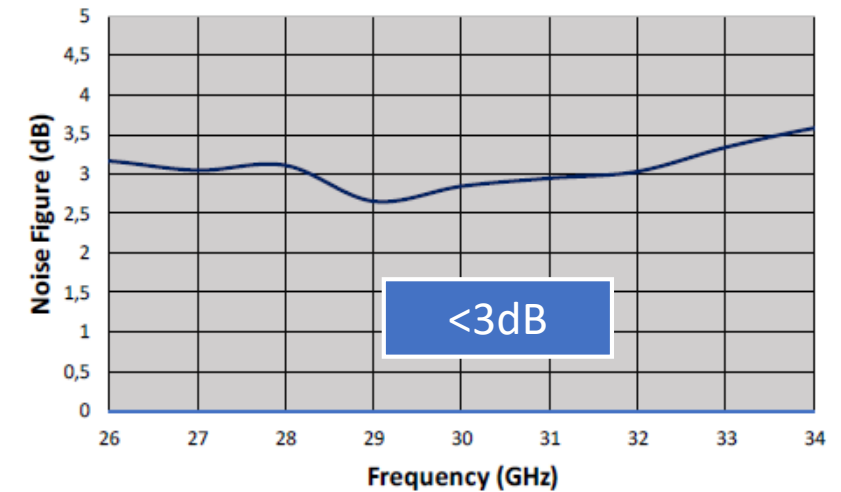
Output power - TR Chip incl Switch



PAE - TR Chip incl Switch

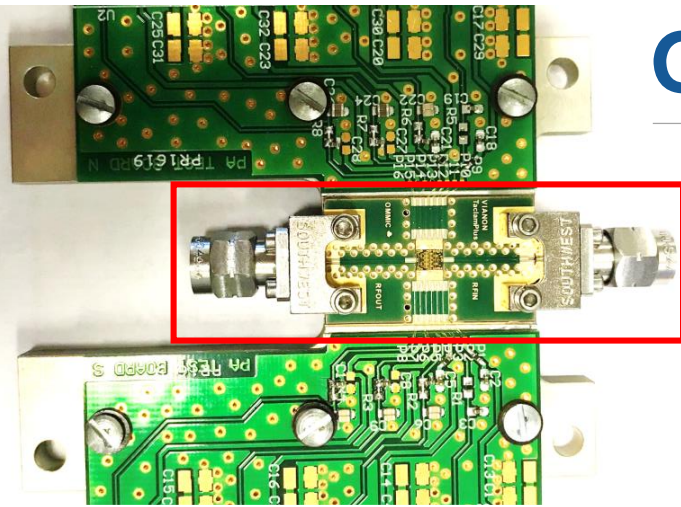


T/R Chip receive mode (Switch+LNA)

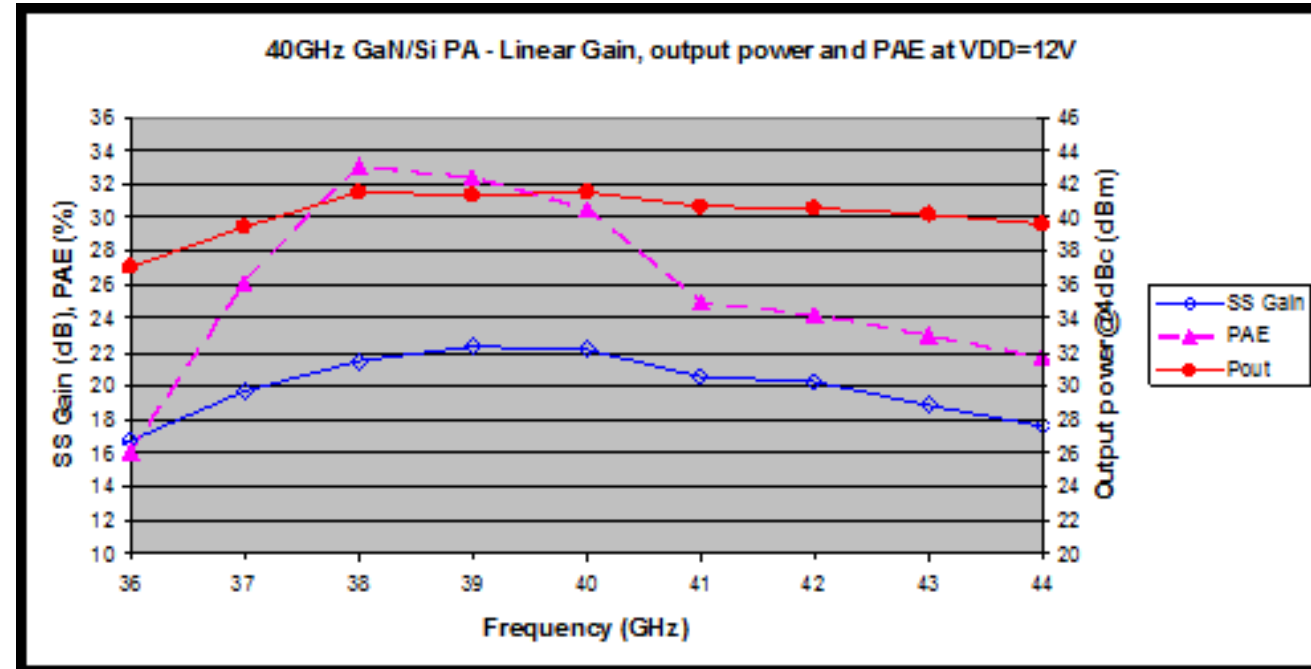
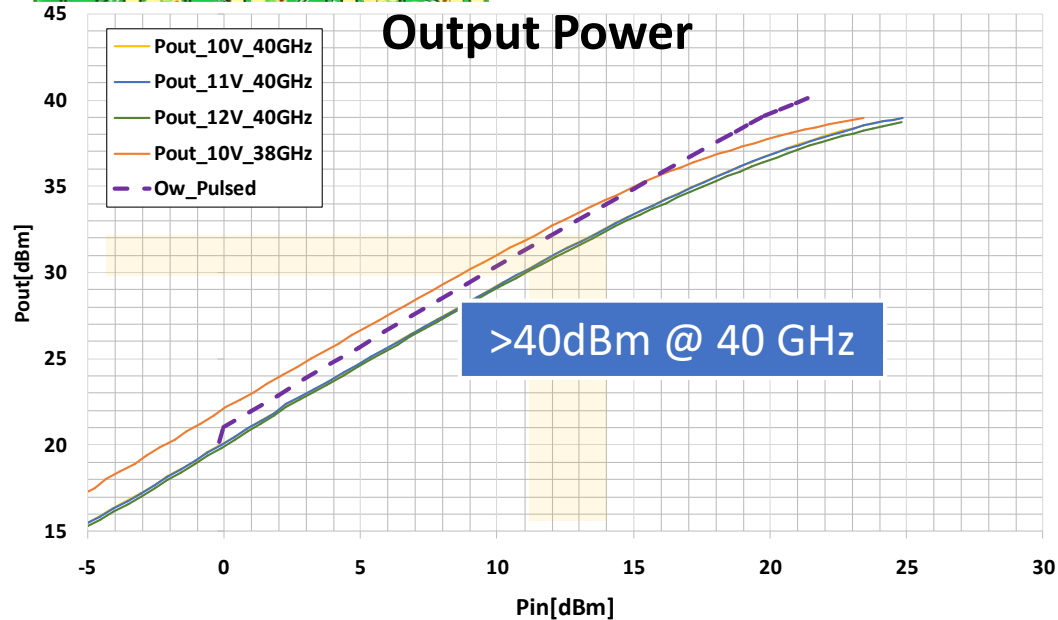


Some examples of GaN Circuits

GaN 37-43GHz 10W PA D01GH



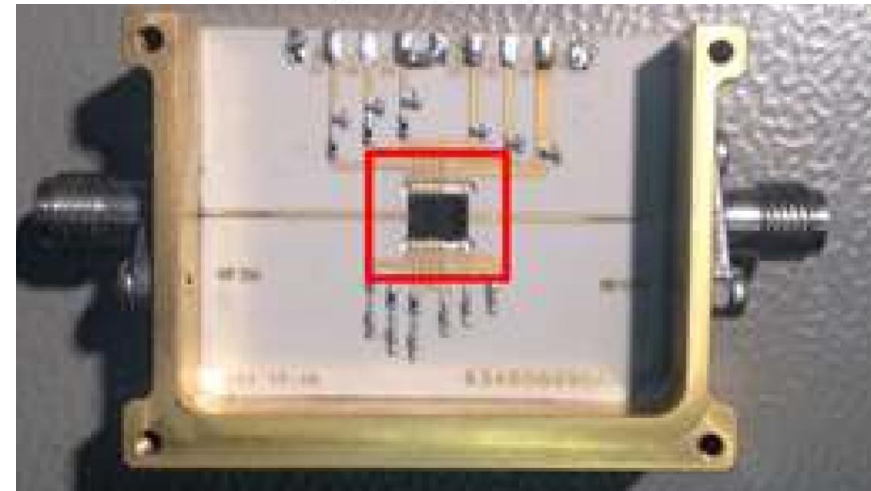
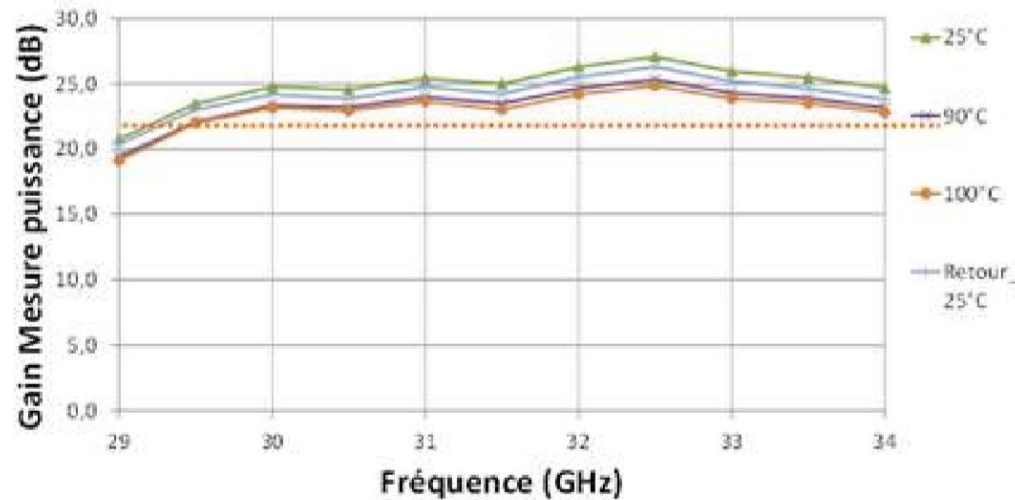
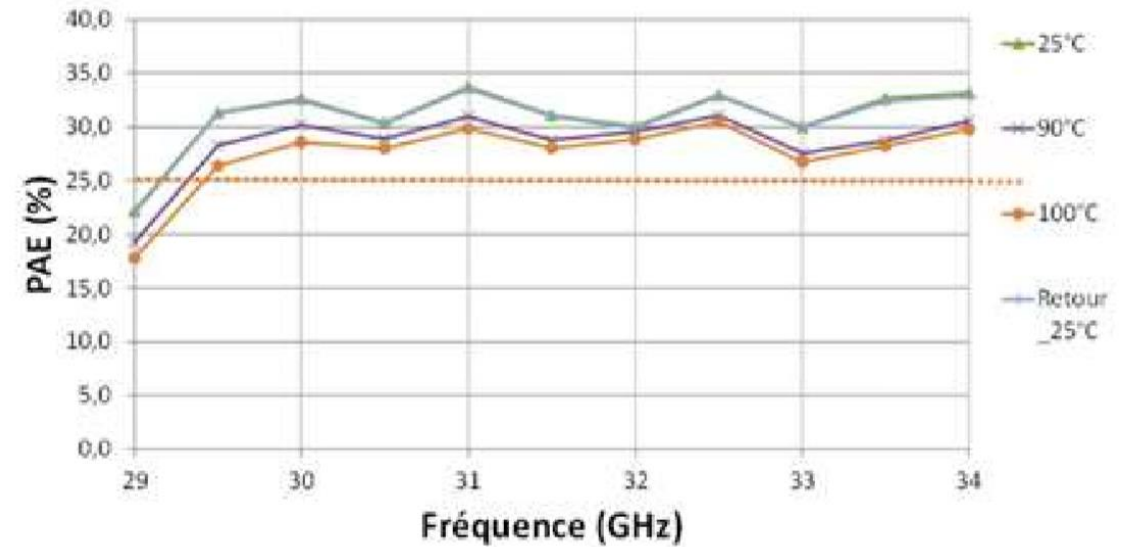
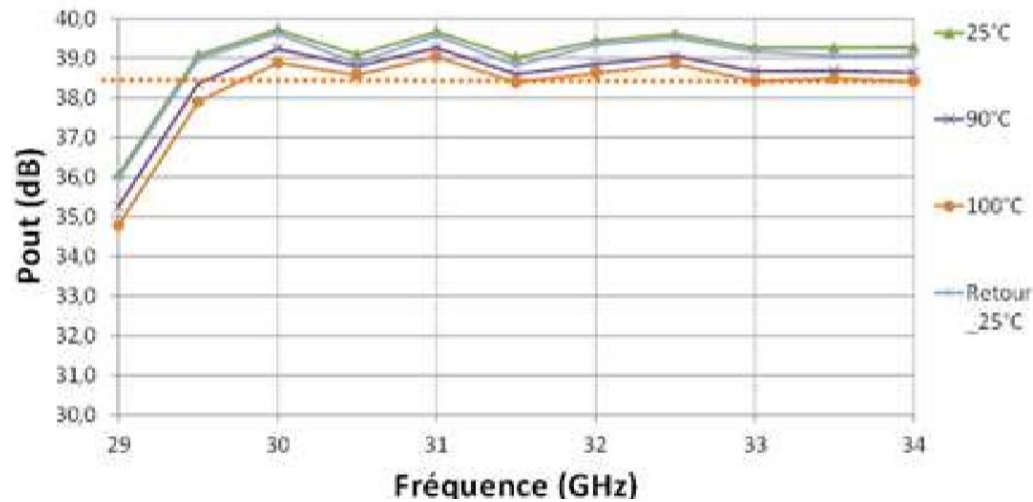
PAE 30% @ 40GHz



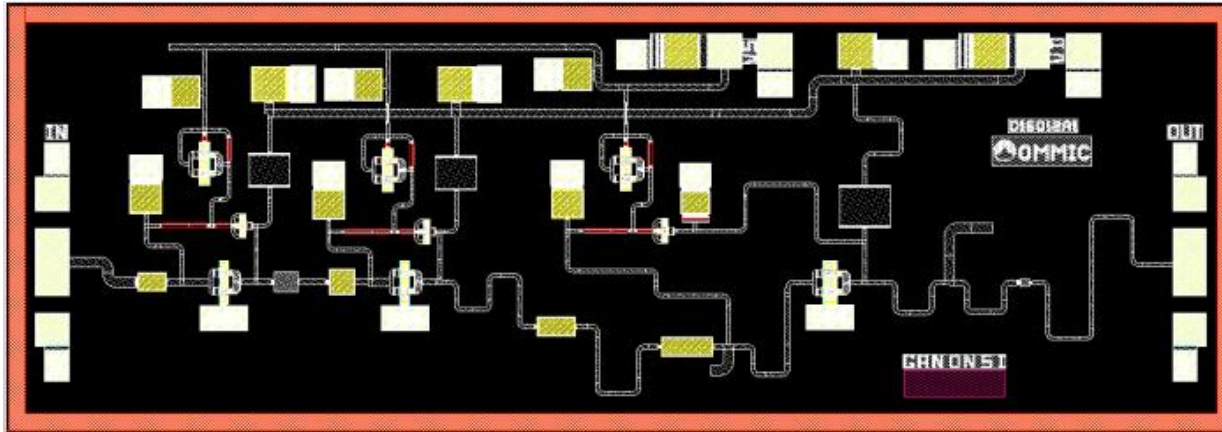
On Wafer Pulsed vs. CW test on fixture

Some examples of GaN Circuits

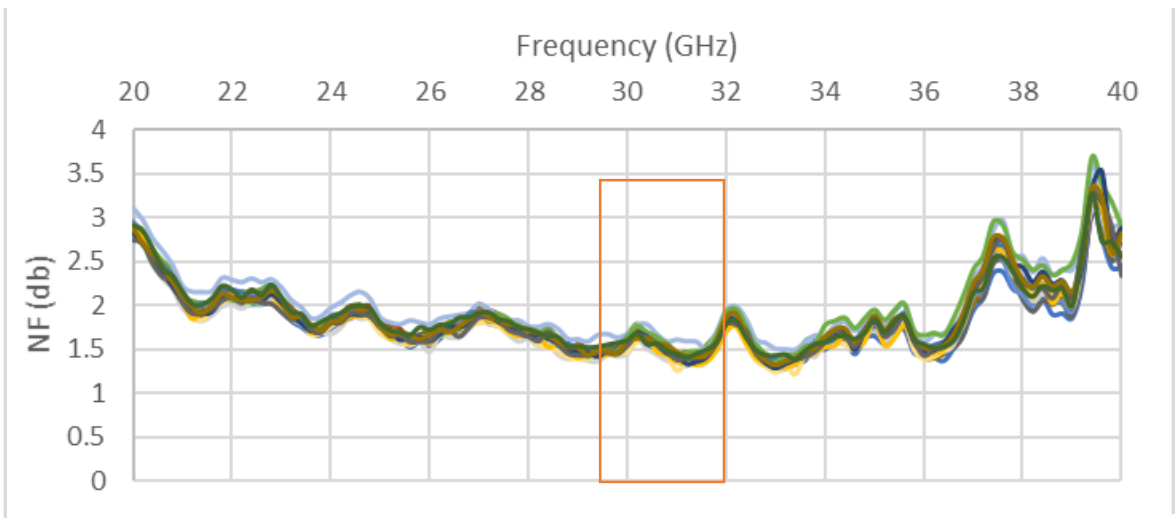
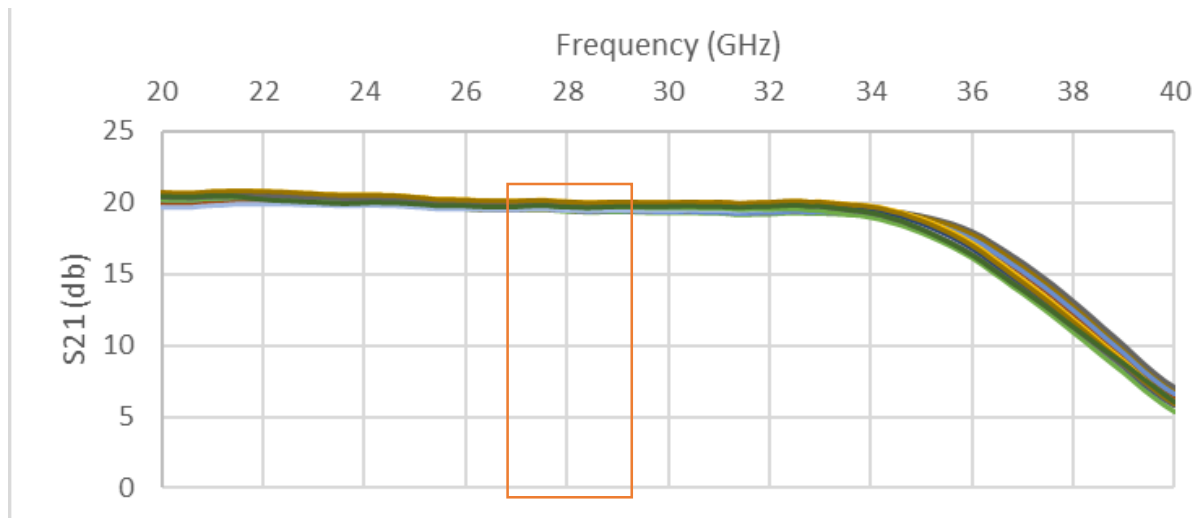
GaN 30GHz 10W PA (vs Temp, CW)



Robust Ultra Low Noise 24-34GHz LNA

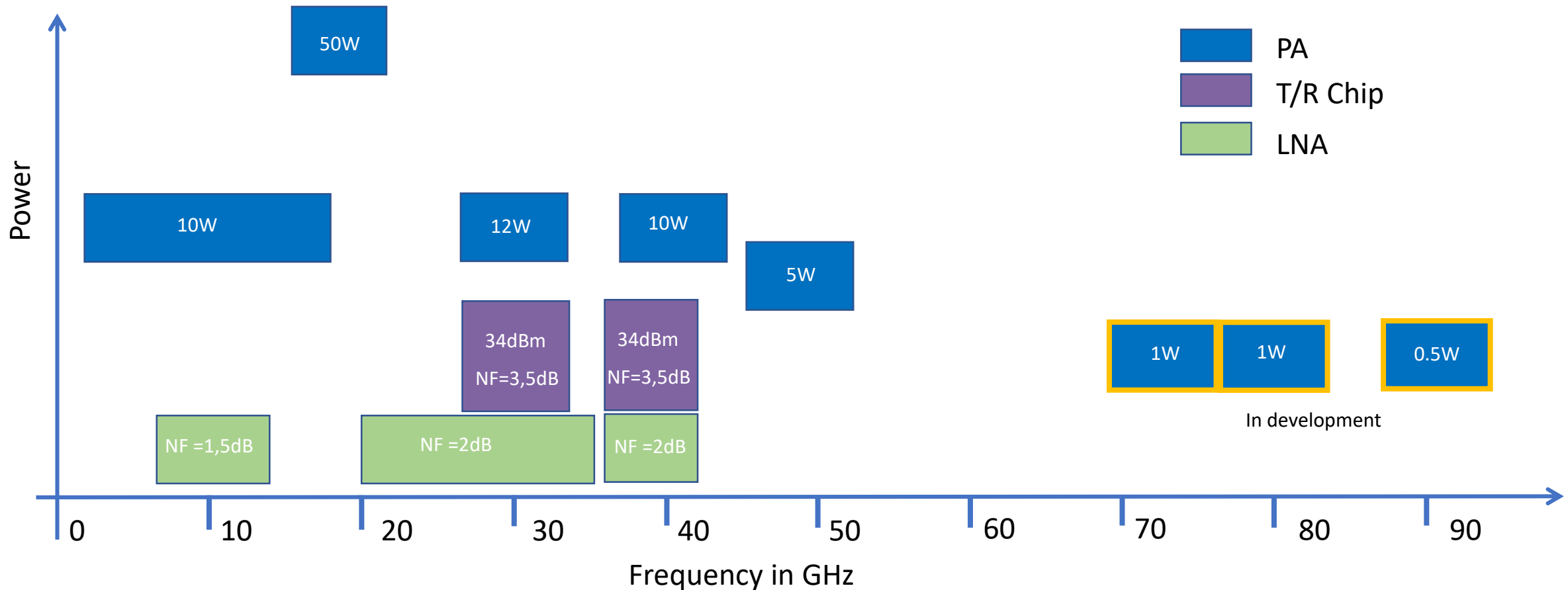


- Single VDD/VSS
- Vdd=8,5V / 90mA
- Gain= 20dB
- NF<2dB at Fc
- Robust: >33 dBm during 5 min. with no degradation

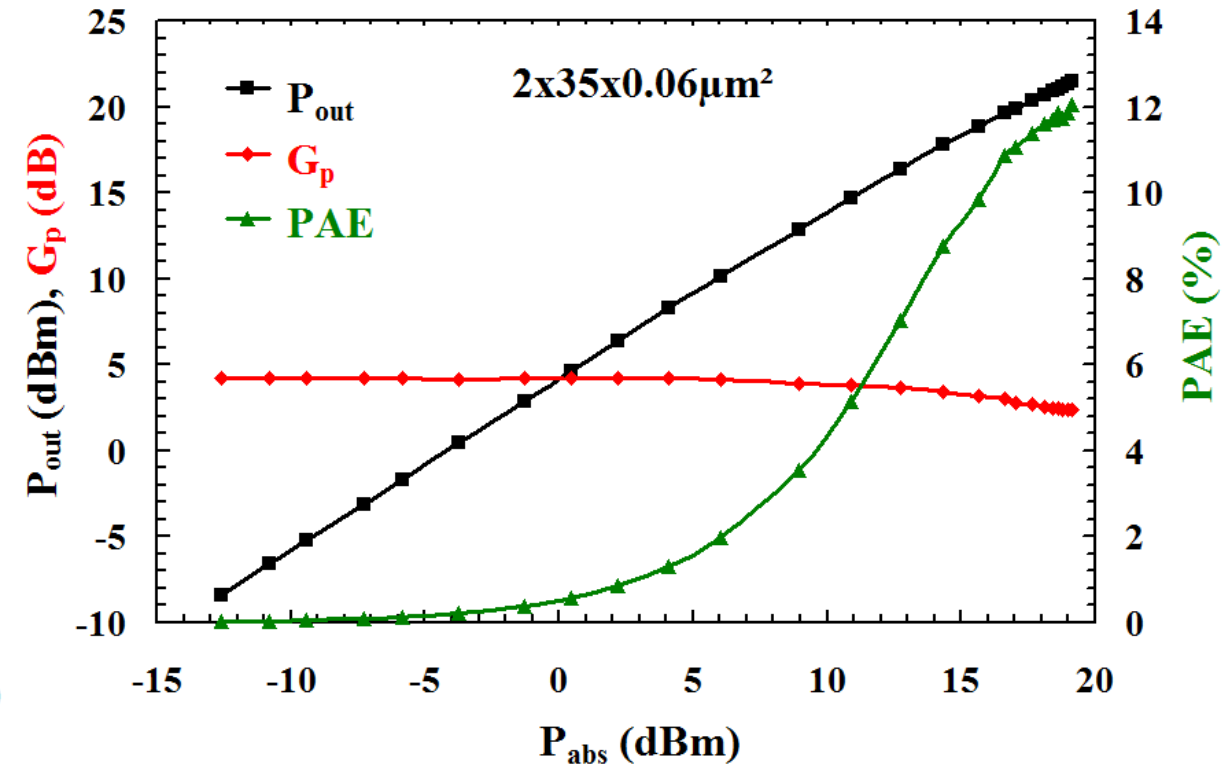
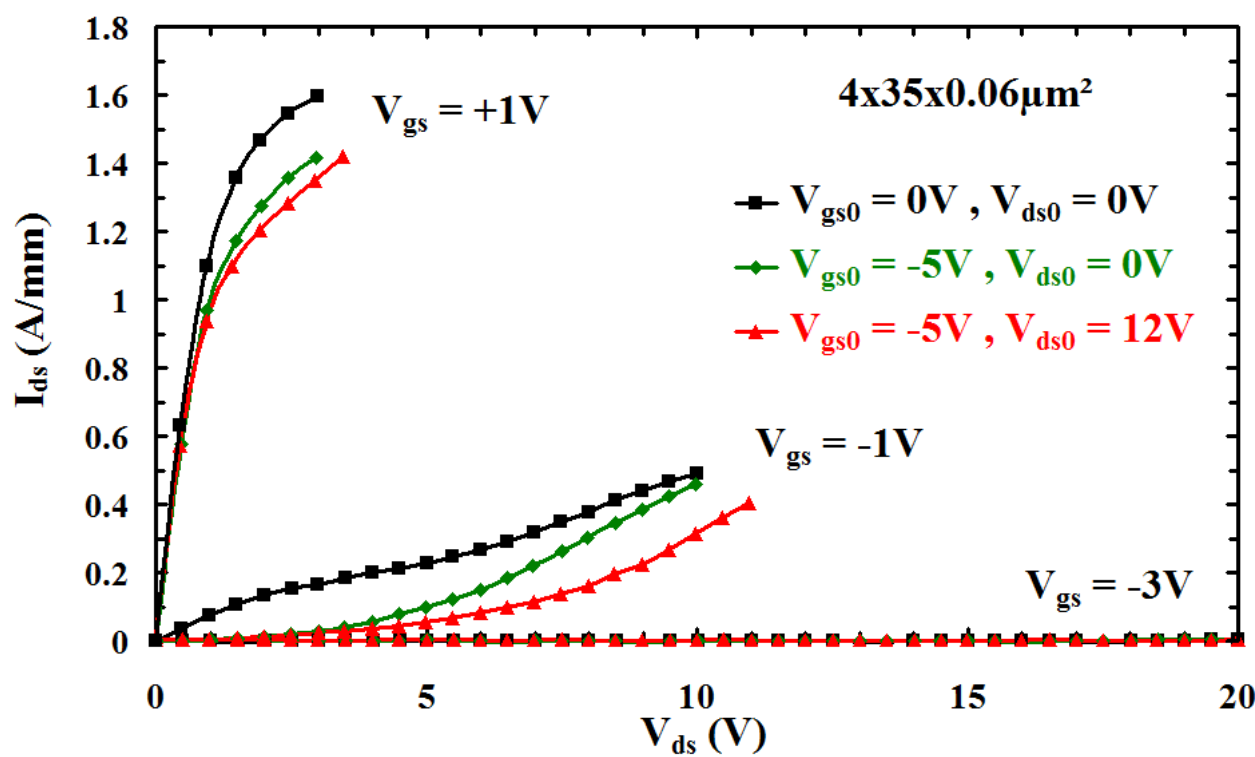


Some examples of GaN Circuits

GaN/Si MMIC in mm-Wave



D006GH GaN/Si Characteristics



$P_{out} = 2\text{W}/\text{mm}$ @94GHz with an associated PAE of 12% (SoA)

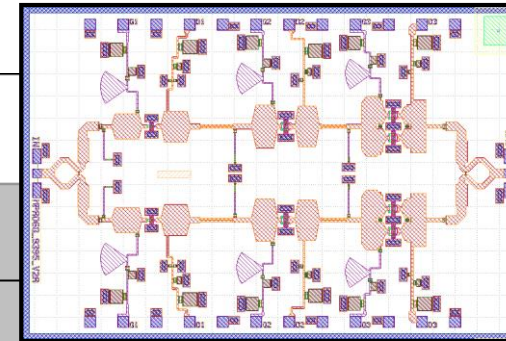
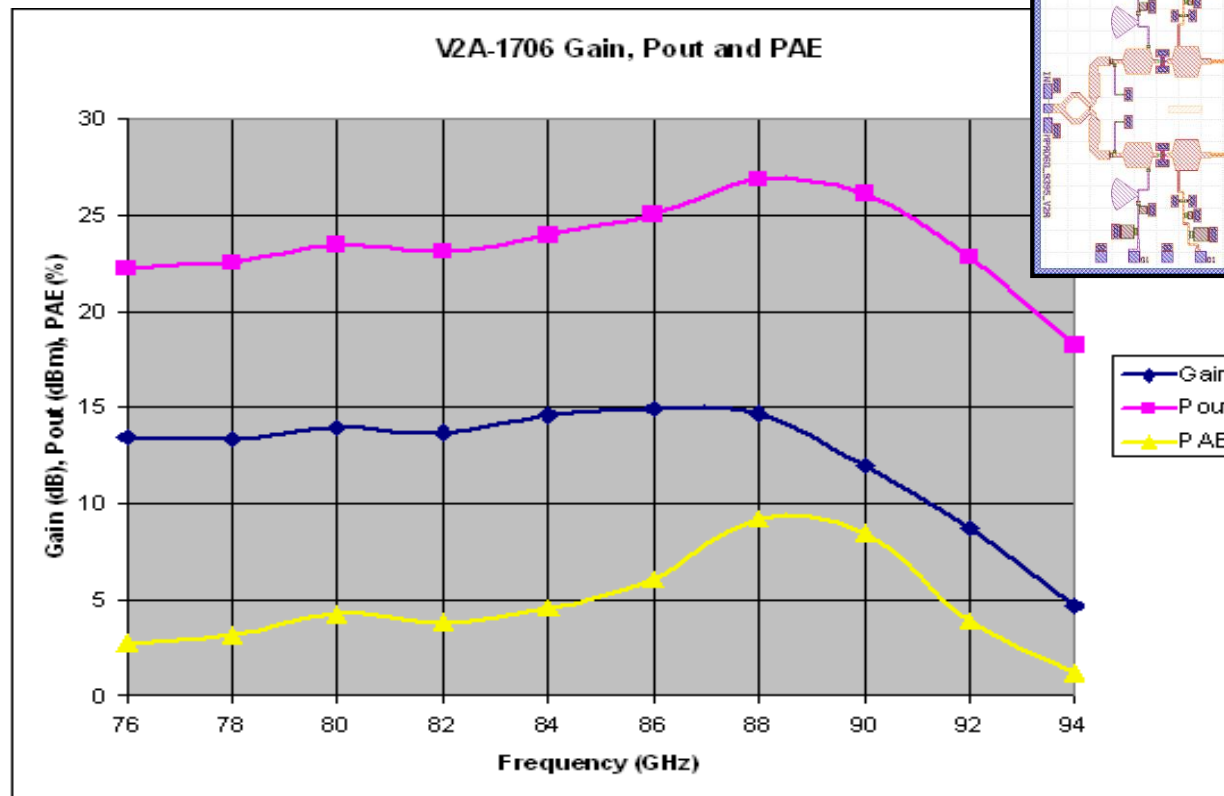
OMMIC D006GH MAIN CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Characteristic	60 nm
Frequency Cut-off (H21)	190 GHz
Maximum Stable Gain @30 GHz	13.5 dB
Min Noise Figure / Ass. Gain @40 GHz	
RF Power Density	3.3 W/mm
Extrinsic Transconductance	950 mS/mm
Source Resistance	0.18 Ohms.mm
Extrinsic Drain Source resistance Vds=0V (Ron)	0.6 Ohms.mm
Gate Drain voltage for 300 μ A/mm	40V
Quiescent Voltage	12V

Some examples of GaN Circuits



90GHz 500mW PA D006GH

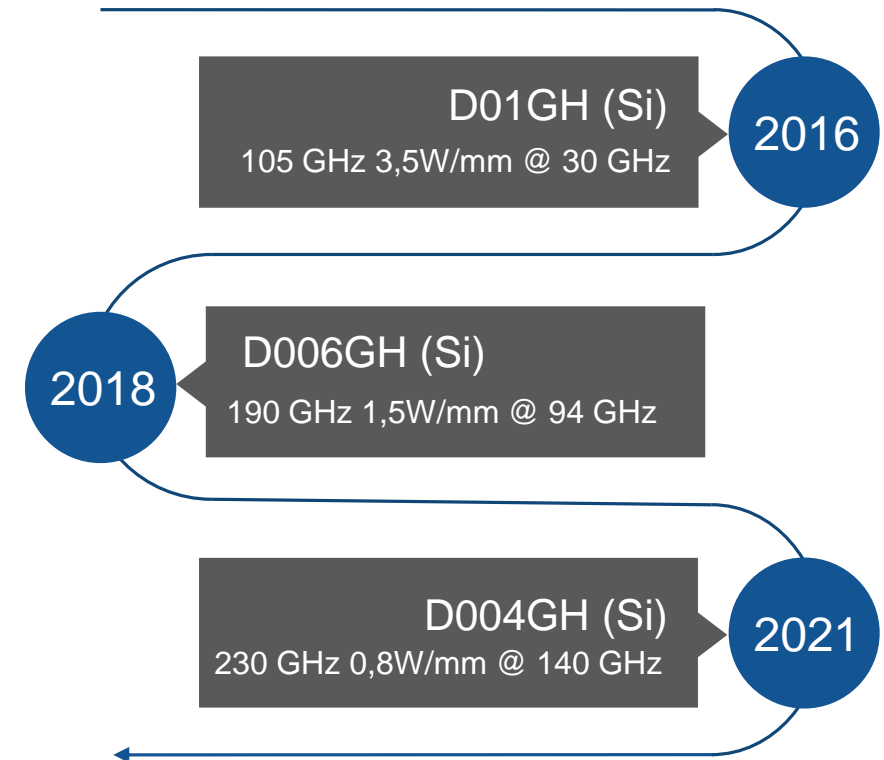
- On wafer CW test at FBH-Berlin, design MC2



- Gain = 14dB
- Pout > 27dBm
- PAE > 8%

GAN/Si PROCESS ROADMAP

D01GH	D01GH GaN/Si process is already available for OMMIC customer through open foundry service
D006GH	D006GH GaN/Si 60 nm process PDK is already available for download
	$f_{\max} = 250\text{GHz}$, $f_t : 190\text{ GHz}$, Gate length: 60nm, $I_{\max} = 1,1\text{ A/mm}$, $G_m = 800\text{ mS/mm}$, $P_{\max} = 1\text{ W/mm @ } 94\text{ GHz}$, $V_{\text{bdg}} > 30\text{V}$, $NF_{\min} = 1\text{ dB @ } 50\text{ GHz}$
D004GH	D004GH GaN/Si 40 nm process is still in development and will be available in 2021
	State-of-the-art and unique 40 nm process for GaN technology



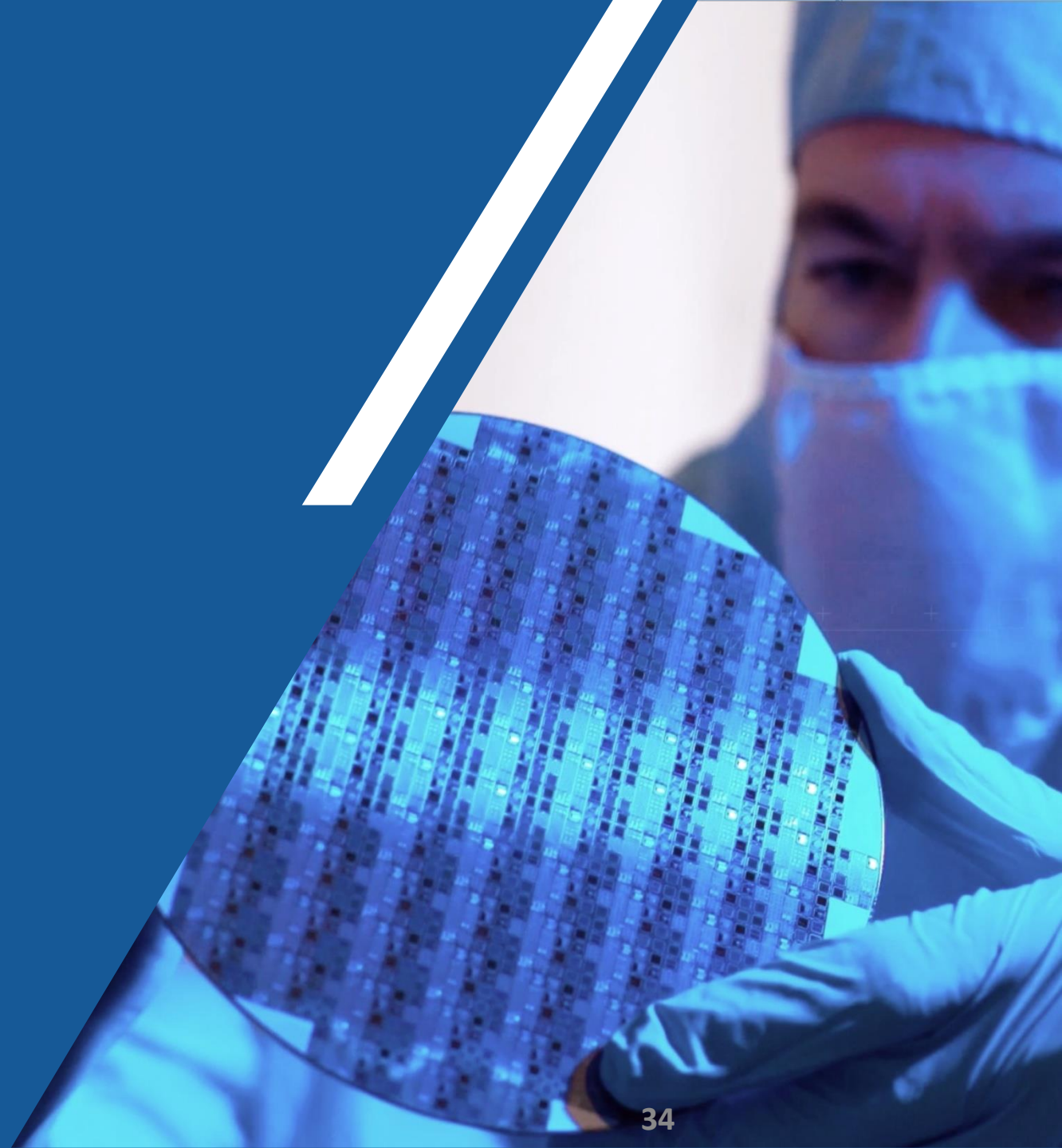
- Due to outstanding physical properties, GaN RF devices show prominent characteristics used in mmW circuits.
- 100nm and 60nm GaN/Si microwave process already exist at OMMIC in 3 and 6 inches. This process enables the same possibilities already explore with GaAs but with more power 😊
- OMMIC GaN/Si reach state of the art performances and excellent reliability with lower cost. Opening possibilities for large volume of production.
- Space qualification of the D01GH process is already in progress.
- For the 2 coming years, only GaN/Si substrate is proposed at OMMIC.
- The next main objective is the development of the 40nm process.



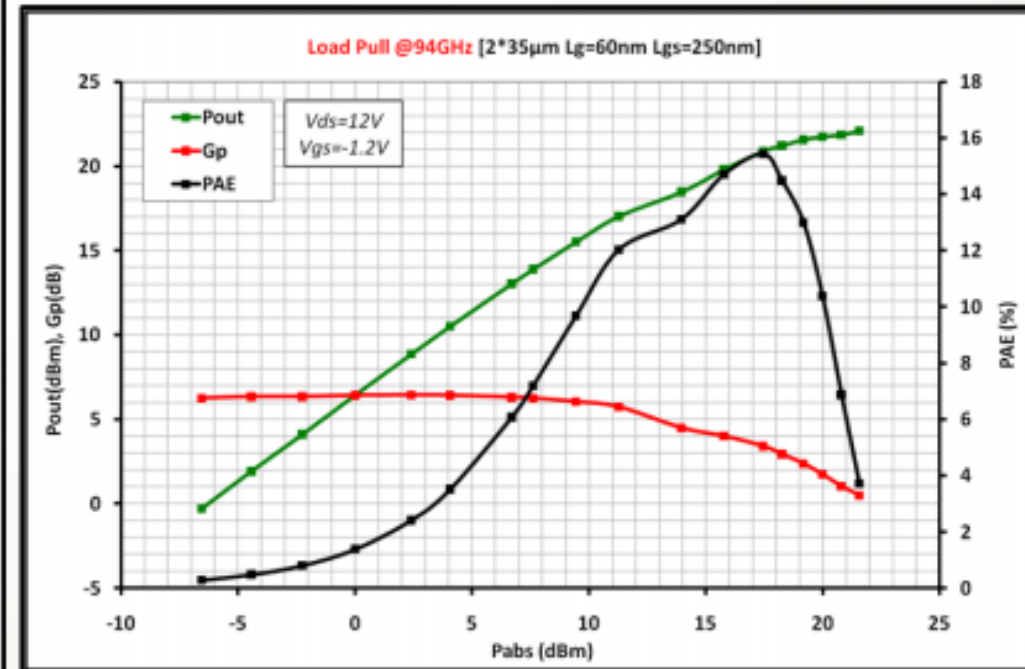
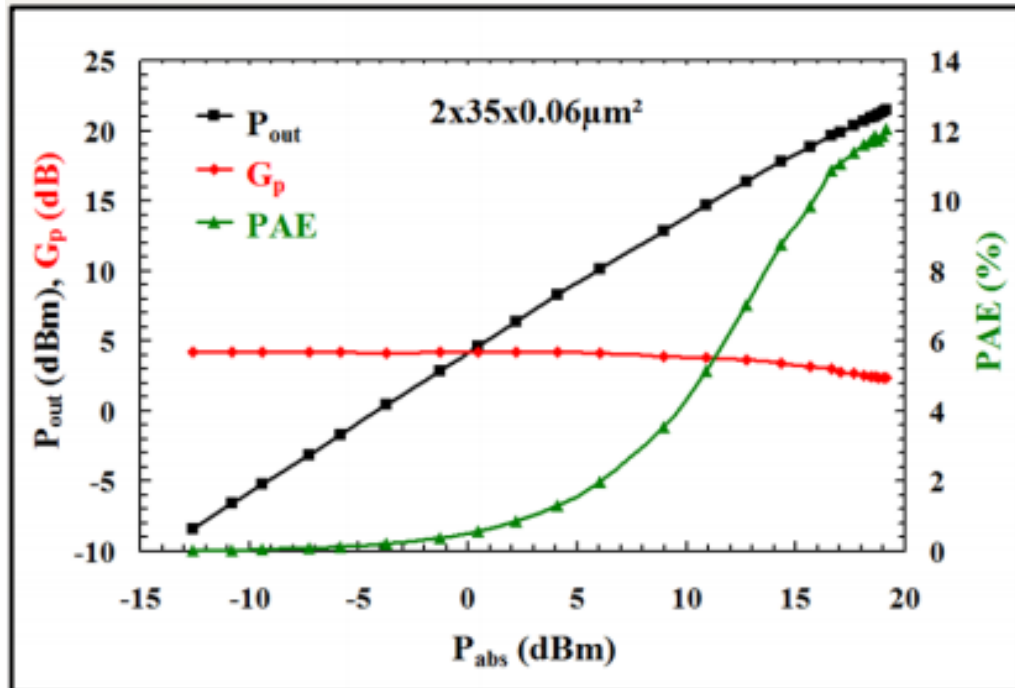
THANK YOU

www.ommic.com

2 Rue du Moulin
94453 Limeil Brevanne
France



- D006GH GaN/Si(C) substrate
 - **2 W/mm @94GHz** with PAE of 12% and Gp of 4dB for GaN/Si and Nfmin = 1.6 dB @40GHz
 - **2.3 W/mm @94GHz** with PAE of 15% and Gp of 6dB for GaN/SiC and Nfmin = 1.4 dB @40GH



OMMIC STRATEGY



Full Replacement of GaAs Solutions

OMMIC plans to replace its GaAs solutions fully by its state-of-the-art GaN/Si technology, offering the best III/V RF solutions, complementary to Silicon RF solutions.



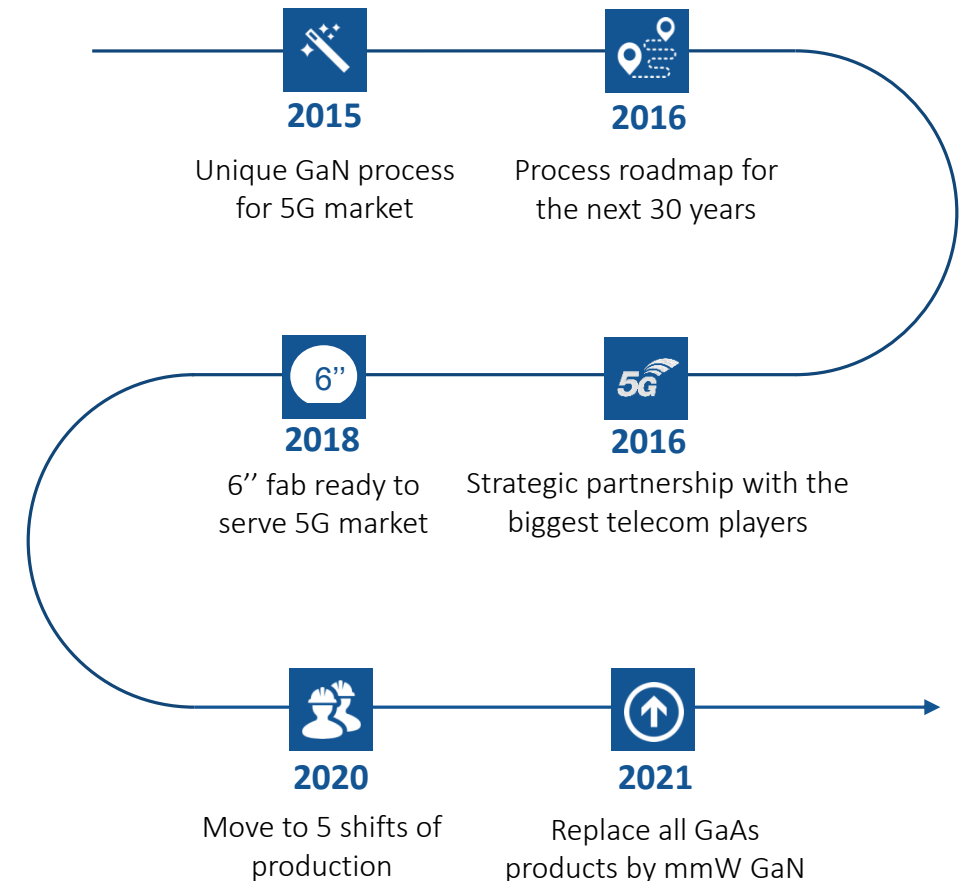
New Cellular Telecom Market

OMMIC aims to enter cellular infrastructure market, especially 5G market with its cutting-edge GaN/Si technology, best suited for the 5G mmWave application.

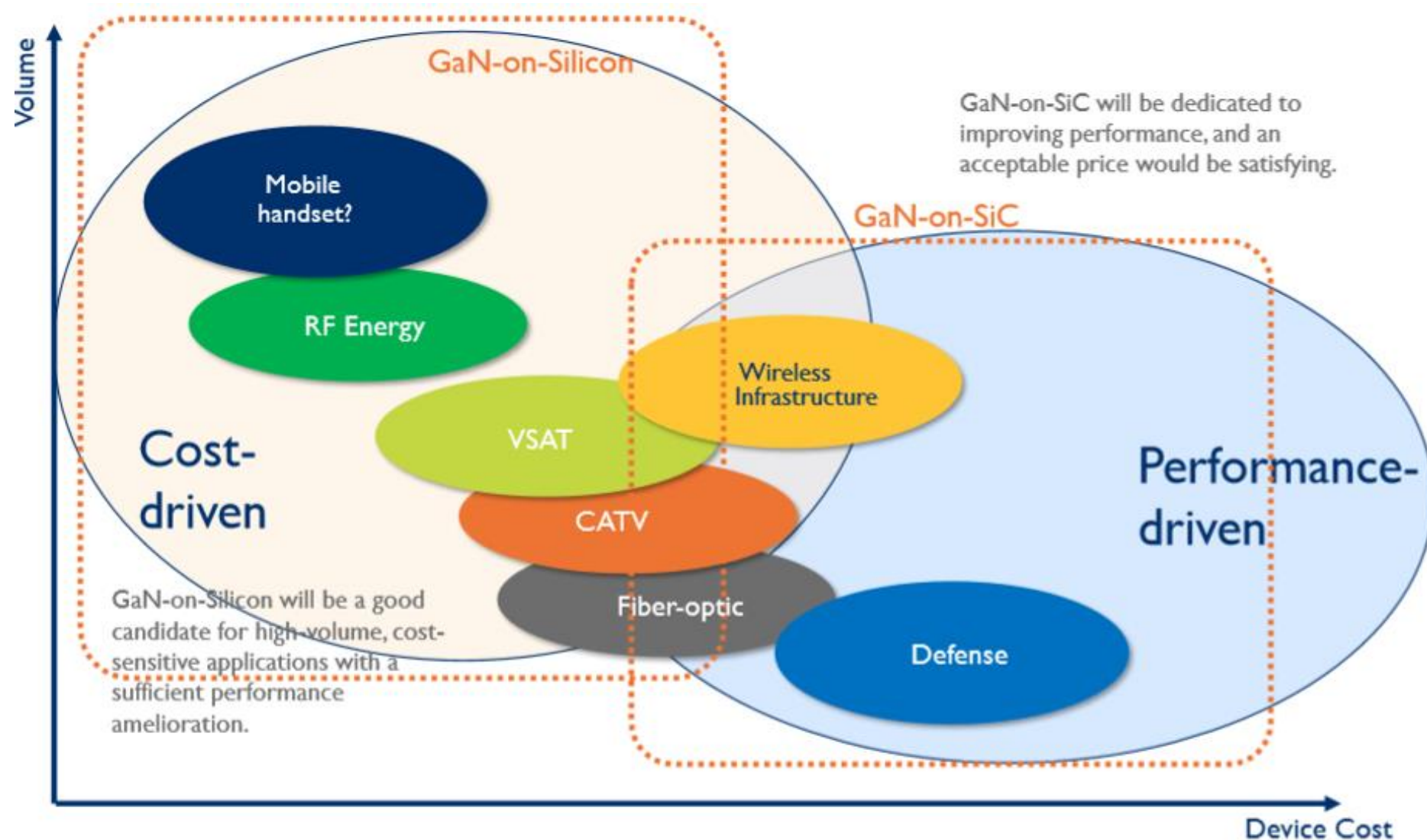


High-End Space Market

OMMIC continues to serve high-end high value-added space market ,by taking advantage of its avant-garde Hi-Rel process for consumer market.



GaN/Si Technology at OMMIC



GaN-on-SiC and GaN-on-Si have begun targeting different markets.